FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

[OLD SERIES—VOL. XLVIII—NO. 49.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1883. [NEW SERIES—VOL. I.—NO. 39.]

Youth to Death.

What hast thou done to this dear friend of mine,
Thou cold, white, silent Stranger? From my hand
Her clasped hand slips to meet the grasp of thine;
Her eyes that flamed with love, at thy command
Stare stone-blank on blank air; her frozen heart
Forgets my presence. Teach me who thou art,
Vague shadow sliding 'twixt my friend and me.
I never saw thee till this sudden hour.
What secret door gave entrance unto thee?
What power is thine, o'ermastering Love's own power?

Age to Death.

Come closer, kind, white, long-familiar friend,
Embrace me, fold me to thy broad, soft breast.
Life has grown strange and cold, but thou dost bend
Mild eyes of blessing wooing to my rest.
Swiftest hast thou come, and from my side
Serenest hast thou lured. I only bide
Thy beck, to follow glad thy steps divine.
Thy world is peopled for me: this world's bare.
Through all these years my couch thou didst prepare.
Thou art supreme Love—take me—I am thine!

Emma Lazarus.

North Carolina at Boston.

[From the Boston Commercial Bulletin.]

On the 12th of March, 1877, the General Assembly of North Carolina ratified "An act to establish a Department of Agriculture, Immigration and Statistics, and for the encouragement of sheep husbandry." That act created a board of control and made the Governor for the time being its chairman *ex officio*. It provided, also, for the appointment of a Commissioner of Agriculture, and a secretary, and prescribed their duties; for the collection and publication of statistical information; for the investigation of subjects relating to the improvement of agriculture and the inducement of immigration and capital; for such investigation and action as would tend to the improvement and extension of sheep husbandry; for investigation of the diseases of cattle, the publication of facts concerning the same, and the exercise of authority to stay the progress of contagion; for investigations and experiments direct to the introduction and fostering of new agricultural industries, such as the culture of silk, the sugar beet, the grape, and other fruits; for the study of irrigation, drainage, and kindred matters; for the dissemination of information as to the value and modes of utilization of native mineral and other domestic sources of fertilizers, including formulæ for composting adapted to different crops, soils and materials.

DETAILS OF THE DEPARTMENT.

Provision was made for the establishment of a laboratory and the employment of an analytical chemist to take charge of it. Other matters were included in this act, making it broad and comprehensive enough to meet the State's needs. In this action North Carolina announced to the world that henceforth her natural resources should be developed, and that by the intelligent action of her own citizens. It was a new and a vigorous departure, carefully planned and amply provided for. It means business. Five years have gone by since the Board organized and began work. During that period the agriculture of the State has made great progress on lines that clearly define the extent and value of the work of the department. The cotton production has been more than doubled and the area of cultivation been extended from the low lying lands of the coast across the centre of the State to the foothills of the Blue Ridge. Fine yellow tobacco is now raised on what were a few years since supposed to be worn out and worthless lands. Wheat and all other cereals are grown on a scale far surpassing that of former years, and the farmers of the State are prospering as never before. The Department of Agriculture has demonstrated its right to live by its work, and has become one of the fixed institutions of the State.

The situation of North Carolina being "nearly midway of the Union," it lies within the central belt of the temperate zone, and consequently has a climate peculiarly favorable for diversified agriculture. There are no extremes of heat or cold, preventing out-door labor. The planting season is earlier by six weeks than that of Massachusetts, and the frosts of autumn are several weeks later. From the low levels of the seacoast to the summit of the Great Smoky mountains the soil, as a rule, is rich in all the elements that enter into plant growth, and yet nearly two-thirds of it has never been cultivated.

These are some of the arguments North Carolina uses to influence northern young men to turn their steps toward that State instead of toward the West. To back up the argument the Department of Agriculture has brought to Boston, and placed on exhibition at the American fair, a most interesting collection, illustrative of what rewards the farmers, planters, and horticulturists of the State get for ther season's work

GO SOUTH, YOUN MAN!

No New England man who has under consideration the advisability of going elsewhere to better his fortunes can afford to miss an examination of this collection, and to post himself fully about North Carolina from the many valuable publications which are given to all inquirers by the department officials. Two books of which Mr. Peter M. Hale is the editor, are invaluable as guides to all interested in the forest and mine products, and are remarkable for their accuracy and succinctness. In making its display, and furnishing its publications for distribution, the Board did wisely, but not satisfied with leaving a thing half done, it has also sent its officials and a number of expert assistants to explain the several departments to inquirers. Under the courteous guidance of Mr. W. H. Kerr, who collected the agricultural exhibits, the *Bulletin's* representative, made a tour through that department and these are some of the things he saw. As bread is "the staff of life," the cereal pavilion was first visited. The structure is a huge wigwam thatched and lined within and without with all kinds of grain in the sheaf, the whole arrangement giving a pleasing effect. While cereals are grown to some extent in nearly every county, the Piedmont and mountain sections are best adapted to their production.

Davidson County has been for some years the leading wheat producer, and her farmers have been handsomely repaid for their toil and attention. Eight varieties of winter wheat are shown, all of excellent quality, but one, the White Dallas, is entitled to special remark for its weight (68 pounds to the bushel), and its prolificness which in one instance at least was 67 bushels to the acre. Other grains in this pavilion are winter and spring oats, rye, barley, German millet, both gold and silver, and corn. The latter is a favorite farm crop in all sections of the State, and well it may be, for nature favors its growth, and it is the leading staple food for men and domestic animals.

CASH CROPS.

Cotton and tobacco are the two principal money crops of North Carolina, and both are handsomely illustrated, the first by a mammoth pile of the lint, on top of which are baskets of the seed, and by domestic fabrics from some of the mills, among which are some beautful cotton plush blankets which are the pet admiration of all women visitors. The bright tobacco of North Carolina is worthy a column of description, for it has been the foundation of one of her most profitable industries, has contributed immensely toward the payment of the national debt, and has raised hundreds of her citizens from penury to comparative affluence. There are 206 tobacco factories in the State, employing a large number of work people and affording to the farmers a market for their crops within a few miles of their fields. Tobacco has often impoverished land in the Connecticut valley, but in the old North State this species of the weed has given actual value to worn-out fields. Dr. Dabney has made this branch of agriculture particularly prosperous by teaching the farmers how to fertilize their land at a minimum of cost by composting acording to certain formulæ which he devised.

Another industry that has obtained a foothold in the State is silk growing. In the exhibit is a case of raw silk and a frame of racks made on the Daviel system and studded all over with cocoons. There are also specimens of jute in both stalk and prepared fibre, the latter far superior to that grown in India. The plants are very tall and of luxuraint growth. Thirteen different wines, the product of four vineyards, are prophetic of what the State will do in that line hereafter. It is an important exhibit not to be overlooked.

The State is rich in marls and phosphatic rocks. These are all valuable fertilizers, for when prepared and mixed with other elements they contribute to the cotton and tobacco lands just what they need to repair the wastage of cultivation.

The conclusion reached by every visitor who carefully examines these evidences of North Carolina's agricultural capabilities is, that had she neither mines nor timber-producing forests, she has in her teeming soil and glorious climate all that is needed to make her one of the most prosperous States in the Union.

GENERAL PETTIGREW.—Mr. R. K. Bryan, of the Hickory *Press*, who recently visited this town, writes to his paper that on his trip down the Cape Fear, he found on the steamer Murchison "among a lot of old books (the property of Mr. D. L. Smith, engineer) a memoir of J. Johnston Pettigrew, the heroic soldier, the model christian gentleman. His is a name of which North Carolina is proud. His natural abilities were great, and most carefully cultivated. At the age of fifteen years he entered the Freshman class at the University, and was *facile princeps* in a class containing much more than the average amount of intellect. Among its members were John Pool and M. W. Ransom, both of whom afterwards became members of the Senate of the United States. For one year I was a member of the same class, and well recollect the thorough manner in which each lesson was prepared and recited by Pettigrew. He was in his maturer years not simply a scholar. He was a man of action in the highest sense of the term. His whole life seemed to be a course of preparation for a great career, for which he was fitted by the possession of the most remarkable intellectual and moral faculties."

HEAVY FREIGHTS.—The October report of the freight earnings of the Richmond and Danville Railroad will no doubt be immense, as this road has never before handled such heavy business. The freight trains now arrive and depart in convoys of seven and eight trains. On the North Carolina division alone eighteen locomotives are daily employed in moving these convoys. The passenger trains leaving Charlotte in the mornings, meet from eight to ten freight trains between this city and Greensboro. The freight business is also heavy on the other roads, notably the Carolina Central, which is being taxed to its fullest capacity.—*Charlotte Observer.*

TWO NEW BISHOPS.—The consecration of Rev. Dr. Henry C. Potter, as Assistant Bishop of the Diocese of New York, took place October 20th, at Grace Church, New York City. The ceremonial was probably the most imposing that has ever taken place at the consecration of a bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in this country; forty bishops and over 600 clergymen taking part in the services.

The next day in Baltimore, the consecration of Rev. Alfred M. Randolph of that city, as Assistant Bishop of Virginia, took place at Emmanual P. E. Church, Baltimore, in the presence of a large concourse of prelates, clergy and laity.

The New Governor General of Canada, the Marquis of Lansdowne, was sworn in at Quebec on the 23d of October, with much pomp.

The Growth of the South.

The New Orleans *Times Democrat* of October 20 contains a carefully prepared and full review of the social, political and industrial condition of the South to-day, forming, by reason of the ample data presented and the late date to which they refer, a valuable supplement to the census of 1880. It is well known that the great movement which has so completely altered the condition of the South—especially it its industrial aspects—had little more than begun when the last census was taken, so that as an expose of the present state of affairs in that section the record of 1880 is necessarily misleading. We are indebted to the *Times-Democrat* for the following figures, which bring the record down to date and show an almost startling increase of wealth in a number of States within the last four years:

State.	1879. Assessment.	1883. Assessment.
Alabama	$117,486,581	$155,000,000
Arkansas	86,892,541	128,000,000
Florida	29,471,618	56,000,000
Georgia	235,650,530	325,000,000
Kentucky	318,037,875	374,554,979
Louisiana	178,587,195	201,790,723
Mississippi	105,594,708	132,000,000
North Carolina	156,000,000	200,000,000
South Carolina	132,237,986	130,000,000
Tennessee	223,211,345	252,589,873
Texas	304,470,736	538,000,000
Virginia	315,576,822	332,000,000
Total	$2,184,227,547	$2,824,934,575

A comparison of totals shows an increased assessment since the data of the census of 1880 was made up of $640,707,028, or an average increase of $160,176,757 per year. If the comparison had been made with the assessments of 1876, when the Southern States first secured control of their own governments, the showing would have been even more striking; but enough is indicated when it is stated that the increased assessment of 1883 over 1882 is $253,000,000—nearly the value of the entire cotton crop. The growth of Southern railroads is significant, fully $300,000,000 having been put into the construction of new lines. During the past four years Arkansas, Florida, Louisiana and Texas have doubled their mileage. How large has been the increase in other States the following table will show:

	Mileage Oct. 1883.	Mileage Jan. 1879.
Alabama	2,095	1,832
Arkansas	1,574	783
Florida	1,038	487
Georgia	2,912	2,445
Kentucky	2,000	1,528
Louisiana	1,140	466
Mississippi	1,762	1,126
North Carolina	1,600	1,435
South Carolina	1,317	1,419
Tennessee	2,001	1,665
Texas	5,760	2,428
Virginia	2,660	1,646
Total	26,049	17,360

It may be added that the increase of 8,789 miles here shown is one-fourth of the increase for the whole Union. After the Atlanta exposition followed a period of rapid development of the cotton manufacturing interests of the South. The record of progress subjoined shows an increase of over 60 per cent. in barely three years:

	1880. Mills.	Spindles.	Looms.
Alabama	15	55,072	1,060
Georgia	44	200,974	4,713
North Carolina	50	102,767	1,950
South Carolina	19	92,788	1,776
Total	128	451,601	9,518
	1883. Mills.	Spindles.	Looms.
Alabama	20	90,000	2,000
Georgia	50	300,000	6,000
North Carolina	64	156,630	2,856
South Carolina	26	180,701	4,120
Total	160	726,331	14,976

With regard to these mills an assertion may be made which will apply to few or none of their competitors in the Eastern States, namely, that they not only pay, but pay from 15 to 20 per cent. on the capital invested.

A FISH-HOOK (NOT A FISH) STORY.—E. J. Smith, the County Coroner, has four gold fish-hooks that he unearthed in the South American placers. He was mining in a river-bed near the city of Cali, in the State of Cauca, United States of Colombia, in 1866, when he pulled up a small tree by the roots, and there in the sand lay an even baker's dozen of regularly shaped gold fish-hooks of the ordinary size. They are not bent in the Limerick fashion. Without doubt they are the work of prehistoric Indians governed by the Incas. When Mr. Smith returned to San Francisco he gave some away, lost others, and now has only four left. He has been repeatedly asked to put his price on these, but refuses to do so. The other day he refused an offer of $20 for one. It was such trifles as these that excited the avarice of Pizarro and other vandals who tore down better Governments than have ever occupied the same territory since.—*Tucson (Arizona) Citizen.*

RANDOLPH ITEMS.—The *Courier* of the 24th says that Central Falls new church is about completed and is one among the neatest on Deep River; and that the heaviest load ever drawn down the old Plank Road was the large boiler for the Burns mine in Moore county, which was drawn by Mr. Rom Ross' fine team of twelve mules last week from High Point.

GULF COAL.—We are pleased to know that the owners of the coal mines at the Gulf have decided to fully test the value of their property and have made arrangements to bore to a depth of four or five hundred feet. Mr. B. F. Williams, of Virginia, an expert in the business has the management of the work and will thoroughly test the value of all the coal seams on the Gulf property.—*Chatham Record.*

Hon. George Hoadly, Governor-elect of Ohio, is in many respects a phenomenal man. He writes short-hand, can telegraph, speaks and writes five or six languages, and is a master of the classics. As a lawyer, he stands in the front rank of his profession.

[From P. M. Hale's Coal and Iron Counties.]

Richmond County

Was laid off in 1779, of that part of Anson which was east of the Pee Dee River. It is situated southwest of Raleigh, about 90 miles, and bounded north by Montgomery, east by Moore, Cumberland and Robeson, south by South Carolina and west by Anson.

In the Northern portion of the county it is undulating and even broken near Mountain Creek and other streams which flow through it. The soil is partly slate and partly red sandstone, in the section referred to, and the timber oak, hickory, short-leaf pine, maple, etc., with considerable long-leaf pine beyond Little River. It is not sandy, however, as in some other parts, the soil being such as is usually found overlying the red sandstone. In this part much cotton as well as small grain is raised, and the quality is equal to any upland cotton produced in the country. The productions and quality of articles are much the same all along the river near which there is much clay and some decomposed granite—the formation being generally the same as that to be found near Raleigh and in Franklin County and west Raleigh, nearly as far as Chapel Hill.

The central part of the county, except near the river and the creeks, is sandy, and was covered originally, and now is where the forests remain, with long leafed pine. It is naturally unproductive, but by heavy and judicious manuring, yields fair crops. It is well adapted to sweet potatoes. The staple of cotton is inferior. Indeed this is, I think, unusual in the sandy soils of the eastern part of the State. In the broken sand hills it is not so good as in the flat lands of the lower part of the county. Land is cheap in this section, and can be had in any quantities from 50 cents to $2 per acre, depending upon improvements. There is no healthier region in the world. This belt comprises half the territorial extent of the county—say 350 square miles. The other half is divided about equally between section 1, as described, and the lower, or level part of the county.

The lower part is generally quite level, and is sand formation, with a clay substratum a few inches below the surface. Farms in that section are worth from $8 to $25 per acre. Crops are cotton, corn and oats. By the use of fertilizers and good cultivation the yield of cotton per acre runs from 1000 to 1500 pounds in the seed. It is healthy and the water pure, having an average temperature of about 65° Fahr. The wells in the centre and northern belt afford cooler water, none of it, however, being less than 58°, and but little so low as that.

The Carolina Central Railroad passes through the county about 32 miles, and the Raleigh & Augusta, which connects at Hamlet, six miles below Rockingham, about 14 miles.

Many of the streams which have their sources in the sand hills afford water power, because of the constancy and equability of their flow. However heavy the rains, the water sinks in the soil, and keeps up the supply, instead of running off as in the up country and producing floods. We have neither "feasts" nor "famines" in these streams; and hence, when sufficient fall can be had, much power for machinery is within reach, and this has been and will be utilized.

There are now in operation in the county five mills engaged in making cotton goods. All of them spin and two of them weave also. Besides these another is in process of construction, three miles northeast of Rockingham on Hitchcock's Creek, a bold stream, and never failing. The dam is of stone 22½ feet high.

Malloy & Morgan's mill is in Gum Swamp (Little Pee Dee) two miles east of Laurel Hill station, C. C. Railway. It has about 1,000 spindles and makes warps only.

Leak, Wall & McRae's mill is on Hitchcock's Creek, one mile southwest of Rockingham, and immediately on the line of the railroads. It has 1,000 spindles, and makes warps only.

Ledbetter's mill is five miles northeast of Rockingham on Hitchcock's Creek, has 1,000 spindles, and makes warps only.

The Great Falls mill is just on the western outskirts of Rockingham, on Falling Creek. The head of water is forty feet. It has 4,109 spindles and 140 looms. It makes plain sheetings, 7,000 yards daily.

The Pee Dee mill is on Hitchcock's Creek, just outside of the town. The head water is 18 feet. It has 4,000 spindles and 120 looms, with 18 more ordered and 12 more in contemplation. It makes plaids, 5,000 yards daily.

The new mill, before alluded to, will, when complete, have 6,000 spindles and 200 looms, and make sheetings. Its productive capacity will be about 10,000 yards daily. It will commence operations in November with 3,000 spindles and 100 looms.

On Hitchcock's Creek, three and a half miles west of Rockingham, and one and a half miles from the Pee Dee, Robert S. Ledbetter has a grist mill and cotton gin. This is a splendid site for a cotton mill, being on the line of the railroad. A head of water 12 feet can be had, which will afford ample power for 5,000 spindles and 160 looms. Leak, Wall & McRae have water power sufficient for 3 to 4,000 spindles and 100 looms. The same is the case with the mill of T. B. and J. L. Ledbetter.

Besides these mills, sites for other small ones, from 1,000 to 4,000 spindles, can be had, on Naked and Mark's Creek, as well as Joe's Creek. And at the Grassy Islands, 12 miles northwest of Rockingham, power can be had for 20,000 spindles. These are on the Pee Dee. Other sites on the river can also be had. The only trouble would be that the locations might be unhealthy.

There are over 100,000 acres of land in the county well studded with long leafed pine, a large part of which, however, has been subjected to turpentine operation. Besides this timber there is a large quantity of persimmon, which would make the best of shuttles and bobbins. We have also quite a quantity of dogwood, which is unsurpassed for this purpose. Then our sandhill swamps contain excellent poplar, and quite a quantity of the trees familiarly called juniper.

A good deal of the water in the upper end of the county, where the formation is red sandstone, is somewhat brackish, as is usually the case in this formation. Farms are worth from $5 to $20 per acre.

The population of the county is now quite 20,000, of whom about 9,000 are whites. In religious views they are nearly all Baptists, Methodists and Presbyterians, and, in numbers, probably in the order named, though there is no great difference in the first two denominations.

Most fruits succeed well. Owing to climatic causes, apples of the later variety are not suited. We can raise as fine peaches, pears and grapes as any one need to want, and on a high range of hills between Mountain and Buffalo Creeks, in the northern part of the county, the peach crop does not fail one year in ten. The same can be said of a high range near the Grassy Islands. These locations are rather remote from the railroads for profit in fruit raising.

According to the census returns, the cotton crop of the county is about 12,000 bales. The cotton mills consume about 5,000, of them, and when the Roberdell is completed the consumption will be fully 7,500 bales.

The construction shops of the C. C. Railway are located at Laurinburg, 22½ miles southeast of Rockingham. This is a flourishing town of about 1200 inhabitants. Rockingham has about the same population.

W. L. S.

THE TALLEST TREES.—Though there is every probability that California's big tree will maintain its supremacy as the most massive column in the world's forests, it must perforce yield the palm of altitude to the Australian encalyptus. In the valley of the Watts River, in Victoria, many fallen trees have been measured as they lie on the ground, and found to exceed 350 feet in length. One mighty giant had fallen so as to form a bridge across a deep ravine. It had been broken in falling, but the portion which remained intact measured 435 feet in length, and as its girth at the point of fracture is 9 feet, its discoverer estimates that the perfect tree must have measured fully 500 feet. Its circumference, five feet above the roots, is 54 feet. Another gum tree on Mount Wellington was found to be 102 feet in girth at three feet from the ground. Its height could not be estimated owing to the density of the forest. But its next neighbor, which was 90 feet in circumference, was found to be 300 in height. In the Dandenong district of Victoria, an almond-leaf gum-tree (*Eucalyptus amygdalina*) has been carefully measured, and is found to be 430 feet in height. It rises 380 feet before throwing out a branch; its circumference is 60 feet. Tasmania also produces specimens of encalyptus which are 350 feet in height, and which rise 200 hundred feet ere forming a branch. One near Hobart Town is 86 feet in girth, and, till 10 years ago, towered to a height of 300 feet, but is now a ruin. The question of supremacy is, however, confined to altitude, for the untidy-looking eucalyptus, with its ragged and tattered gray bark hanging about it in such slovenly fashion, can never contest the palm of might or majesty with those stately cedars, whose magnificent golden-red shafts tower on high like the fluted marble columns of some vast cathedral.—*All the Year Round.*

SEA ISLAND COTTON IN NORTH CAROLINA.—Mr. A. J. Liverman, of Roxobel, Bertie county, has sent to the Department of Agriculture a sample of Sea Island cotton grown near that place. The seed were procured from W. W. Gordon & Co., of Savannah, Ga., and planted on the 12th of May last. It is a beautiful sample, of fine silky fibre and long staple. Mr. Liverman writes: "It will produce as much cotton as common short cotton planted by the side of it." Mr. Liverman proposes to make a more extensive planting next year. It is hoped that our planters generally will make a similar experiment, as this cotton sells much higher in the market.

The information given by Mr. Liverman that sea island cotton will produce as much as the short staple is, however, somewhat at variance with the general impression. Sea island cotton was formerly cultivated on the sounds above Wilmington, but for some reason its culture there has long been abandoned. We note, apropos of this, in the Charleston *News and Courier*, that Capt. J. A. Peterkin, of Ft. Motte, S. C., has successfully crossed the sea island with the Dixon prolific, producing a cotton with smooth, black seed, fine staple and yielding from thirty-six to forty per cent lint. —*Raleigh News and Observer.*

A COLORED VIEW OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS DECISION.—A well attended meeting of colored citizens was held in Chicago last week, for the purpose of protesting against the recent decision of the Supreme Court on the Civil Rights bill. Rev. W. Polk, pastor of the church in which the meeting was held, said, in the course of his remarks: "This decision is an insult to our race. I have always been a good Republican, but now I believe we should give our allegiance to that party which will give us our rights, even if it runs the devil's ticket or Ben Butler."

CIVIL RIGHTS IN TEXAS.—A dispatch from Austin says Vice-President Hoxie, of the International Railway, has written to Gov. Ireland that business does not justify the running of separate coaches to accommodate negroes. Under the recent Civil Rights decision he says, we can now make colored men take the seats we desire. The Governor replied that the difficulty involved the peace of society. There is but one remedy, and that is to provide coaches for each color.

Digest of Recent Decisions of the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

Winborne vs. Lassiter.—Fraud alleged in the execution of a deed cannot be proved by evidence of fraud in one subsequently made, unless it be established by proof that the two transactions are parts of a concerted purpose to defraud or that the latter is connected with, or in furtherance of, the objects of the former.

Waters vs. Roberts.—1. In summary ejectment under the landlord and tenant act: Plaintiff leased to W. and W. assigned to the defendant; *Held*, upon the trial of an issue whether the lease of the plaintiff to W. was by the month, that testimony offered by the defendent to show that he leased from W. by the year, was properly ruled out, as irrelevant.

2. The notice to quit given by the landlord, instead of by the immediate lessor, was sufficient.

Dickerson vs. Building Association.—The law will not aid the defendant building association or its individual corporators in an effort to effect a settlement of illegal transactions—approving Mills vs. Salisbury B. & L. A., 75 N. C., 292, and subsequent cases.

State vs. Daniel.—An indictment under Battle's Revisal, ch. 70, will not lie against a servant for wilfully leaving the employment of one with whom he had agreed to serve. The statute has reference only to persons enticing servants to unlawfully leave the service of the employer.

Hanna vs. Hanna.—A receiver will not be appointed, *pendente lite*, upon a mere allegation that the party has reason to believe the property in dispute will be wasted or destroyed. The application in such case must state the grounds of apprehension and the judge determines the reasonableness thereof upon the facts found by him.

State vs. Whitaker.—1. On trial of an indictment for the larceny of cotton and receiving, etc., the jury found the defendant "guilty of receiving stolen cotton," and the court arrested the judgment; *Held*, no error, the verdict is not responsive to the issue.

2. It is the duty of the court to look after the form and substance of a verdict, and, if it be informed, to direct the jury to reconsider it.—*Ral. News and Observer.*

A MAJORITY OVER ALL.—The full returns from the Ohio election show that Hoadly, democrat, not only has a plurality of 12,529 over Foraker, republican, but he has a majority of 1,383 over his republican, greenback and prohibition opponents combined, and this despite the fact that the republican vote shows an increase of 50,000 over that of last fall. The total vote this year is 721,464, nearly 3,503 less than was cast at the presidential election in 1880. At that election Garfield's majority over Hancock was 34,227, the late election thus showing a difference in favor of the democracy of 46,796. In the Senate the democrats have elected 22 democrats against 11 republicans, and in the House 60 Representatives against 45 republicans, giving a democratic majority of 26 on joint ballot.

The fifth annual exhibition of the N. C. Industrial Association, says the Raleigh *News and Observer*, will be held in Raleigh November 12–17. The opening address will be delivered by Gov. Thomas J. Jarvis, November 13; the annual oration by D. A. Straker, of South Carolina, Wednesday November 14; address by Senator Vance, Thursday, November 15. Ex-Judge R. P. Buxton will also deliver an address on the 15th. One thousand dollars in premiums will be awarded to owners of stock, producers and others. Fare two cents a mile each way on all the railroads.

GRAFTING THE ENGLISH AND BLACK WALNUT.—One of the curiosities of tree grafting is to be seen on the old Asbury place, now owned by Alexander & Harris, near this city, where stands a large black walnut tree which the late Dr. Asbury experimented upon some years ago. He grafted a twig of an English walnut tree on the black walnut, and the tree is this year loaded with two sorts of walnuts. The crop of English walnuts, while not large, is very fine, and Major Harris recently brought several of them to the city. They are as large as any that are to be found in the fruit stores. This is considered a remarkable success in grafting, and we are told that it is the only instance in the United States. The graft was made about six years ago, and this is the first time the tree has fruited. Major Harris says there's millions in the old Asbury yet, some new bonanza being discovered every day or so.—*Charlotte Observer.*

CROPS PAST AND TO COME.—The sales of forage grown in the country are very large this season, although the fodder crop was a partial failure.

Much preparation is being made to put in large crops of small grain and it looks as if in the State more will be planted even than in the two years past.—*Raleigh News and Observer.*

MAJOR STEDMAN.—Maj. Charles M. Stedman was invited by the Chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee to take part in the canvass of the First District, but on account of an accumulation of business during his absence in Europe he was compelled to decline.—*Wil. Star.*

The Orange crop of Florida this year, it is estimated, will amount to 102,000,000 oranges, or 600,000 boxes, against 330,000 boxes last year. It will require 24,000 cars to transport this crop, and as the yield promises to double every year, these figures will attain enormous proportions by the end of the present decade.

An aged couple were married at Toronto, Canada, Oct. 18, George McLaughlin, the groom, being 88, and his bride 90 years of age.

VETERANS OF THE MEXICAN WAR.—The following communication, says the Durham *Recorder*, from the Secretary of the national association of the Veterans of the Mexican War, addressed to Capt. O. R. Smith, vice president of the association for the State of North Carolina, explains itself:

"COMRADE—I am instructed by the executive committee of the national association to inform you that a convention of the Veterans of the Mexican War will be held in this city on December 6th, 7th and 8th, 1883. The proposed reunion is deemed of special importance, in view of the bill now pending in Congress to grant a pension to all honorably discharged veterans of that war, as an act of national justice to the men who, by the triumph of their arms, on a foreign soil, added a vast territorial empire to the Republic.

"A citizen's committee on hospitality will be organized for the purpose of extending to the visiting veterans a suitable reception. You will, therefore, please urge the veterans in your State to attend this reunion, by publishing this call, and invoking the generous aid of the local press in its behalf. You will also take such steps as you may deem necessary, to secure from the railroad companies in your State reduced rates of fare for veterans attending the convention, and request your State organizations, if any, to send with their delegates any flags used by them in Mexico, as they will form an impressive feature of our parade. Please notify the secretary on or before December 1, of the probable number of veterans who will attend from your State."

Capt. Smith requests all Mexican soldiers who can or expect to attend this convention to inform him by letter at once that he may notify the association at Washington, D. C., and make all necessary arrangements for transportation. Address, Capt. O. R. Smith, Durham, N C.

THE C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—Our countymen in Western Chatham, says the Pittsboro *Record* of last Thursday, will soon be in full railroad communication with the rest of the world, and have easy access to market for their products. As announced last week the track has been laid to Ore Hill, and the passenger trains will run to that station in a few days. The site has been selected for a warehouse which will be built without delay, and as soon as it is finished (which will be about the middle of November) freight will be received and delivered. Mr. G. W. Alley, the efficient and courteous agent at Gulf, will be the temporary agent at Ore Hill until the track is laid to Matthews' X Roads when he will go to that station and continue to go on to the head of the road till it reaches Greensboro, where he will be the permanent agent. Mr. D. H. Marsh will succeed Mr. Alley at Ore Hill, and be the permanent agent there. A depot has been located between Gulf and Ore Hill at the point where the railroad crosses the old "Chatham" road—the highway that runs from Harper's X Roads to this place. The name of this station will very appropriately be "Bear Creek." The track will be laid to Matthews' in three weeks, and a new name will be given to that place, as there is already a Matthews' station on the Carolina Central.

The extension of the railroad through our county will develope a very productive region, and render accessible to market a section that has been almost cut off from the outer world.

Says the Asheville *Citizen:* Letters from Boston indicate a strong influx into Western North Carolina at an early date, of good people in search of good homes and opportunities for safe and profitable investments.

A number of tobacco buyers, representing large houses North and in England, are already in Asheville, and we have information of others coming. The crop of Western Carolina is attracting great attention this winter, and those who want the tobacco are either coming or sending agents here to get it. Our market promises this year to be unusually successful and satisfactory.

With the inexhaustible supply of the best timbers in the world, specially of the hard and finer sorts, and with all other facilities now afforded, why could not extensive carworks, for the construction of all classes of cars, &c., be established in Asheville? It would certainly pay the capitalist and our entire section. We invite the attention of capitalist to this suggestion.

MANUFACTURING PROGRESS IN ALAMANCE.—The "E. M. Holt" Plaid Mills, says the *Gleaner*, are nearing completion. Ten new, roomy and convenient tenement houses have been erected for operatives. Nine car loads of machinery have been received, which is being put in position for running, and there is more coming. The machinery will be driven by a large Westinghouse engine. The mill is 64x187 feet and one and one-half stories high. The proprietors expect to be able to start in about ten days. The brick making for this mill was begun about the middle of May, and ever since the work has been pushed with the greatest dispatch and energy.

The prosperity of New Orleans continues unabated, and investments in improvement are larger than in any previous year. All the contractors are crowded with work, and contracts for immediate execution have to be deferred. Several prominent builders state they have over 50 per cent. more work now than last season. Elegant residences, business houses, shops and factories have been erected, and on all sides the work of improvement has gone on.

A PATRIOTIC WOMAN.—Mrs. Cicero W. Harris, says the Raleigh *News and Observer*, deserves special thanks for her earnest and admirable work in connection with the matter of bringing home the Arlington dead. To say that she devoted herself with ardor and with all a woman's tenderness to her labor of love, would be to voice the sentiments of the people of Raleigh and the State.

OBSERVER.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY..... NOVEMBER 1, 1883.

"INDEPENDENTISM."

In another column we print an admirable article on the subject of "Independentism" copied from our thoroughly democratic contemporary, the Asheville *Citizen*, which we commend to the careful consideration of our readers. Two weeks ago, we had occasion to quote the wise words of Dr. Franklin before the convention which framed the federal constitution, in arrest of the disposition too frequently manifested, it seems to us, by some of our contemporaries, to find fault with this or that of the declared principles of the party whose colors they wear. The *Citizen* calls attention to that other class of faultfinders whose outgivings are more the result of design. To its treatment of this class nothing needs to be added. But we really think that among those of our democratic contemporaries whose manifestation of "independence" results merely from thoughtlessness, or a desire, harmless in itself and praiseworthy where not harmfully indulged, to acquire a reputation therefor, there has been an unnecessary degree of captious comment upon the action of the Governor of North Carolina in relation to the recent appointment of a Supreme Court Judge. For example, a rumor has been going the rounds concerning the Governor and Mr. Manning, which if true exhibits the former as a servant of the people utterly unworthy of any of the high trusts with which he has been honored by the party whose flag these captious newspapers bear. As Mr. Manning, who is the person wronged according to the 'rumor,' has made no complaint, we are bound to assume that the matter is without foundation. Such being the case, we can well afford to laugh at the complaints of our political enemies thus voiced by the Radical Winston *Republican*:

"The scandal attached to Jarvis' dickering with so exalted a station as a Supreme Court Judgeship continues to grow and stink. * * * The ermine of Gaston, Ruffin and Pearson is hawked around to be tried upon the shoulders of this or that favorite by a man who was neither fairly nominated nor honestly elected Governor of North Carolina." &c., &c.

THE FAIR.

On Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of next week will be held in this town the twenty-first fair of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society. Every thing considered, this is believed to be the most attractive fair held in North Carolina. Great preparations have been made for the entertainment of the town's and the county's guests on this occasion, and as usual the welcome which is so cordially extended to all will be largely availed of.

Apart from the stimulation to agricultural and industrial development, these annual reunions, after the crops are laid in, bring together old friends and make new ones and are the occasion of as much innocent enjoyment as falls to the lot of man. But the Cumberland Fair possesses a distinctive feature which adds to its importance and interest: It is the gathering point of all the clans of the great Scotch family which forms so large a portion of the population of the upper Cape Fear and the Pee Dee sections—and, with the Scotch, blood is ever held to be thicker than water.

THE NEW ASSESSMENT.

The returns for the new assessment continue to reach us. Ten counties are reported in this morning's OBSERVER correspondence, making fifty-nine counties so far heard from. These fifty-nine, nearly two-thirds of the whole number of counties, were assessed last year at $97,118,534. This year they are assessed at $129,009,047—an increase of $31,890,513. This is an advance of 32.83 per cent. As last year's assessment for the whole State was $167,738,639, if the same per centage of increase is maintained in the returns from the remaining thirty seven counties, the new assessment will show a total of $222,807,234.

THE SYNOD OF THE GERMAN REFORMED CHURCH.—An unusual spectacle for North Carolina was witnessed at Newton the other day in the assemblage in that town of Potomac Synod of the German Reformed Church. This denomination of Christians, totally unknown in middle and eastern Carolina, is quite numerous in Catawba and portions of adjacent counties.

Potomac Synod is composed of the "Classes" of Zion, Maryland; Mercersburg, Virginia; Carlisle; Gettysburg; and North Carolina. It contains 132 ministers; 28,774 members; and contributed, last year, for congregational purposes, $112,177.63. The *Enterprise* expresses the belief that much good, other than in a religious sense, will result to that section from the visit of the 150 Northerners who came there as delegates.

THE NEW EPISCOPAL DIOCESE.—The Rt. Rev. T. B. Lyman, Bishop of North Carolina has issued the following call for the Primary Convention of the new diocese:

HOUSE OF BISHOPS, PHILADELPHIA, October 23d, 1883.

To the Clergy and Laity within the limits of the new Diocese in North Carolina:

DEAR BRETHREN:

The division of the Diocese of North Carolina having been ratified by the approval of both Houses of the General Convention, it now becomes my duty, agreeably with the provisions of Canon 6, section 1, title III, to summon the primary convention of the new Diocese. I therefore hereby call such convention, to meet in Christ Church, Newbern, on Wednesday, December 12th, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of organizing the new Diocese and electing a Bishop for the same.

T. B. LYMAN,
Bishop of North Carolina.

"HARMONY" IN THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.—In another column will be found some very entertaining reading in the correspondence between Collector Young and one of his deputies, who has a jaunty way of asserting his rights that renders our usual quotation from the Detroit *Free Press* unnecessary for this issue.

THE NEW GARDEN FAIR.—The New Garden Agricultural Society held its twefth annual fair on Wednesday of last week.

The Greensboro *Patriot* reports a fine display of agricultural products and of stock, though the inclement weather cut short somewhat the number of entries. Speeches, appropriate to the occasion, were made by Messrs. D. F. Caldwell, J. N. Staples and J. T. Morehead.

The New Assessment.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OBSERVER.]

Ashe County—257,743 acres of land listed. Value $750,356; of town lots $18,488; of personal property $601,431. Total $1,370,275. Last year $785,244. Increase for 1883 $585,031.

Bertie—366,165 acres of land listed. Value $1,356,832; of town lots $114,510; personals $747,035. Total $2,218,377. Last year $1,620,793. Increase for 1883 $597,584.

Catawba—247,033 acres of land listed. Value $1,370,278; of town lots $228,738; personals $1,042,932. Total $2,641,948. Last year $2,054,730. Increase for 1883 $587,218.

Gates—192,397 acres of land listed. Value $588,638; of town lots $15,100; personals $479,755. Total $1,083,493. Last year $721,386. Increase for 1883 $362,107.

Gaston—228,689 acres of land listed. Value $1,872,101; of town lots $87,869; personals $972,818. Total $2,932,788. Last year $1,668,307. Increase for 1883 $1,264,481.

Jones—205,478 acres of land listed. Value $488,170; of town lots $23,745; personals $222,904. Total $734 819. Last years $616,169. Increase for 1883 $118,650.

Pasquotank—99,319 acres of land listed. Value $598,198; of town lots $329,225, personals $443,831. Total $1,371,254. Last year $1,126,091. Increase for 1883 $245,163.

Polk—144,933 acres of land listed. Value $513,129; of town lots $11,230; personals $255,641. Total $780,000. Last year $522,889. Increase for 1883 $257,111.

Surry—304,271 acres of land listed. Value $1,043,922; of town lots $87,796, personals $551,482. Total $1,683,200. Last year $1,269,673. Increase for 1883 $413,527.

Yadkin—214,681 acres of land listed. Value $830,201; of town lots $36,059; personals $432,861. Total $1,299,121. Last year $985,828. Increase for 1883 $313,293.

	1883	1882
Ashe,	$1,370,275	$ 785,244
Bertie,	2,218,377	1,620,793
Catawba,	2,641,948	2,054,730
Gates,	1,083,493	721,386
Gaston,	2,932,788	1,668,307
Jones,	734,819	616,169
Pasquotank,	1,371,254	1,126,091
Polk,	780,000	522,889
Surry,	1,683,200	1,269,673
Yadkin,	1,299,121	985,828
49 counties previously given,	112,593,772	85,747,424
Total for 59 counties,	$129,009,047	$97,118,534
Increase for 1883 $31,890,513.		

Cotton.

Following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending Oct. 25:

	1883.	1882.
Net receipts at U. S. ports,	252,629	240,964
Total receipts to date,	1,219,571	1,110,136
Exports for the week,	122,461	139,965
Total exports to date,	480,316	545,887
Stock at all U. S. ports,	724,357	520,695
Stock at all interior towns,	106,617	68,287
Stock at Liverpool,	470,000	448,000
Stock of Americas afloat for for Great Britain,	88,000	140,000

The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all the ports since September 1, 1883: Galveston, 198,423 bales; New Orleans 305,626; Mobile 57,652; Savannah 247,489; Charleston 175,670; Wilmington 34,535; Norfolk, 123,775; Baltimore, 5,116; New York, 1,722; Boston, 4,496; Providence, 44; Philadelphia, 4,651; West Point, 2,240; Brunswick, 44,487; Port Royal, 2,242; Pensacola, 5,212; City Point 397; Indianola, 5,694; total, 1,219,711.

The total visible supply of cotton for the week is 2,116,409 bales, of which 1,608,909 are American; against 1,838,518 and 1,215,618, respectively, last year. Receipts of cotton at all interior towns 145,330 bales; receipts from the plantations 286,861; crop in sight 1,461,051.

GOVERNOR VANCE AT THE ROCKY MOUNT FAIR.—A correspondent of the Raleigh *Chronicle* giving an account of the Fair, last week, at Rocky Mount, says that Senator Vance's address on Thursday was the event of the week. Everybody came to hear him, to see him and to shake his hand. The enthusiasm he called forth was no less than that which has followed him around on political tours. He spoke sound sense about the upbuilding of North Carolina, and made an audience of 8,000 merrier and wiser.

Contrary to the predictions of all the weather prophets, says the *Durham Tobacco Plant*, we are to have a late frost. It is now the 23d of October and not a particle of frost has been seen in these parts. Farmers have had ample time to house their tobacco. Late corn is fully matured and no complaint can come on this score. Every factory, storage house and prize room in Durham is rented, and the cry is still for more.

The Episcopal convention at Philadelphia, if we understand it, says the Raleigh *News and Observer*, sat down on the proposition to create missionary dioceses for the colored people within the limits of existing dioceses. They did not accept the results of the Sewanee meeting.

BUSINESS FAILURES.—The number of business failures throughout the United States and Canada as reported to R. G. Dun & Co.'s mercantile agency, number 218, as compared with 243 last week. Nearly half these failures occurred in the West and South.

Col. Burgwyn, says the Henderson *Gold Leaf*, is home again from Louisville where he went to attend the bankers' convention and Southern Exposition. He returned *via* New York and Boston, spending some days visiting the great American Institute Fair.

A gentleman in this city, says the Wilmington *Review*, who has recently traveled pretty extensively through the counties of Pender, Onslow, Duplin, Johnston and Sampson, gives us some more encouraging reports as regards the crops in those counties than has yet been published.

Harmony among North Carolina Republicans.

COLLECTOR YOUNG TO DEPUTY COLLECTOR DUDLEY.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 4TH DISTRICT,
NORTH CAROLINA.
RALEIGH, Oct. 16, 1883.

E. R. DUDLEY, Esq.,

SIR:—Hon. J. E. O'Hara has just been to see me and insists on your removal. I hope you and your friends will appreciate my position and the partiality I have shown you by retention so long against the demand and wish of our M. C. I had hoped that time would soften him and bring about some concessions and I yet feel if patience and forbearance prevail on the part of yourself and friends that all differences may be healed and equal justice done to all concerned. I shall appoint Mr. Palmer your successor. Be ready to turn over to him Nov. 1st.

Please work up all unfinished business in your Div. by that time.

I feel it due to you to say that I deem you a good officer and will gladly give you the chance to resign prior to that time.

Would be glad to talk personally with you, and hope you will so act as to not cause a wider breach among our political friends, and trust to time, the great arbitrator of human grievances, to heal feuds and repair the wrong you may feel done you by appointing your successor.

Very respectfully,
I. J. YOUNG, Collector.

DUDLEY TO YOUNG.

NEWBERN, N. C., Oct. '83.

COL. I. J. YOUNG,
Raleigh, N. C.:

SIR—Your letter of the 16th of Oct., notifying me that "*Hon. J. E. O'Hara had just been to see me* (you) *and insists on your* (my) *removal and that I* (you) *shall appoint Mr. Palmer your* (my) *successor, etc.*" has been received and its contents carefully noted. In reply, I would say that Mr. O'Hara is not my master, but I am truly sorry to learn that you are his slave. The appointment of my successor is none of my business. I shall therefore not lose any sleep upon that subject. My removal from the office of deputy collector is a matter in which the public take but little interest, and yet it is possible that when the community at large understands the motive which prompted my removal from office, it might not be out of place to inquire into the cause. In the last political campaign, as usual, a convention of the Republican party assembled at Wilson, North Carolina, in this Congressional district, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress, and while said convention was in session a mob took charge of that body and proclaimed Mr. O'Hara its nominee. He being a man of a notorious public record, I did not support or vote for him. Thus the public can see why he demanded my removal, and Col. Young, the slave of this creature of accident, says I "must go." You say in your letter removing me that you hope that myself and friends will appreciate your position and the partiality you have shown me by retention so long against the demands and wish of *Our M. C.*—"so long." Did you ever go to school? I have been a deputy collector under you three months—"so long," and you a collector for fifteen years—"so long"—"against the demands and wish" of not only "*Our M. C.*," but "against the demands and wish" of a very large majority of the good people of this State—"So long." You were kind enough to inform me in said letter that "you deem me a good officer" and will gladly give me the chance to resign. For such magnanimity, Col. Young, I feel very grateful, and trust some day to be able to reciprocate your kindness. In saying that you "deem me a good officer" you could not have truthfully said less, for I have always, as an humble citizen, as well as an officer, tried to do my whole duty, and thank God the good citizens who know me best will say as much—"so long. Colonel, is it the policy of this government to remove from office those of its public servants who are "deemed good officers," especially in the face of civil service reform? If not, why has collector O'Hara removed one whom you "deemed a good officer?"—("so long")—for no other reason than that "*Our M. C..*," your master, is a creature of a mob, organized for the sole purpose of "*sending a negro to Congress.*" Although I am a colored man, thank God I have never worshipped at the shrine of color. You have grown gray in the service of your country ("so long")—especially since the Republican cow has been giving milk in this State, (1868) and the teat would have been pulled out of your mouth before now, but I suppose that you were "deemed a good officer," therefore allowed to suck the old Republican cow until she is dry, ("so long.") Colonel, you say in your letter that you had hoped that "time would soften him,"—O'Hara, your master. Why, was he too hard for you; would he not allow you to make your own appointments? Did he require you to clean his boots? If not, why did you hope that time would "soften him." ("so long.") Colonel, you take so much interest in the negro (O'Hara) I wonder that you were not a delegate from this State to the Colored National Convention, and in your place ready to hold the hat of Mr. Fred. Douglass, when he was making his big mixed school and social equality speech, for he belongs to that wing of your party that "*Our M. C.*," your master, belongs to. I am in darkness and desire light. Will you be kind enough to inform me and the public whether I am a deputy collector under Isaac J. O'Hara or James E. O'Young? for I cannot serve two masters ("so long.") You say, and you "yet feel if patience and forbearance prevail on my part and my friends" "that all differences may be healed," etc. ("so long.") What in the world do you know about patience? That's a creature unknown to you, except, possibly, she has ceased to be a virtue on account of her forbearance with you as an officeholder—"so long." Colonel, we'll some day meet in convention—you say in your letter that you would "be glad to talk personally with me"—well, I keep house at the same place; any boy for a dime will show you my gate—"so long;" but as a friend I would advise you not to talk too much just yet, for you'll have plenty of talking to do before you are elected to Congress—"so long." Oh, by the way, what about those six special deputies which the department allowed you to appoint for two months?—I heard during the late war of "three months men," but two months deputies is the wonder of the age. You have been collector—"so long," I know that you are able, if not willing, to explain the matter. I understand that you, from the goodness of your heart, have appointed them in Edgecombe, Northampton and other counties in this (your) Congressional district, where you think they will do the most good towards making you "*our next M. C.*," and if the report be true, it's a good move on your part; the government pays the expense. You say that you hope that I will "so act as not to cause a wider breach among our political friends"—"so long." I shall try to act like a freeman, and attend to my own business, and not allow "*Our M. C.*" or any other master to do it for me. You ask me to "please work up all unfinished business by November 1st." My office is in order and my work up at the close of business of each day Unlike yourself, your business is not up for the month of September, for your deputies have not been paid off yet. You, notwithstanding, you "kept me so long" against the demands and wish of "*Our M. C.*" (three months) have not paid me for near two months—seven more days you will owe two month's salary—September and October.

* * * * * *

I shall send the President of the United States a copy of your letter to me, that he may see what kind of civil service reform one of his collectors has in motion among his deputies in the good "Old North State," and although your letter removing me from office is marked "Personal," yet I feel it my duty for the sake of civil service reform to have said letter published that the good people of the State and country may read its contents in full. The ghost of "*Our M. C.*" seems to have frightened you to such an extent that you forgot and used government "Penalty Envelopes" for private and personal buisness, especially when the envelope had printed on it "penalty" so plain. The grand jury of the United States may excuse you, and not make you pay that $300—"so long."

In conclusion I would say that I shall not resign. "Few die and none resign," and I hope that you will not think me an exception to the rule. I have sent you back a copy of your letter to me for fear that you had forgotten its contents. Keep it; it will be good Sunday reading for you "one of these days"—

"And may the Lord have mercy on your soul." Very respectfully,

E. R. DUDLEY.

Independentism.

There is always a disposition in all political bodies, on the part of a considerable portion at least, to fly in the face of organization, and to set up a standard on a presumed higher plane of patriotism and political morality. It is true that if this disposition is analyzed its move becomes directly apparent. It is neither patriotism nor higher political morality. It is simply personal ambition that influences the leaders of such movement, or failure to receive such recognition for presumed party service as the rebellious element believes itself entitled to. Hence the Mahone movement in Virginia and that of the Coalition in this State, neither of them looking to the purification of party, or the introduction of new and higher issues, but solely for personal advancement or the procurement, by other modes, of additional strength to the Republican party. For it has now worked itself into an axiom, that no matter under what name or form the spirit of independence presents itself, it invariably ends, both with the party and the individual, in alliance with the Republican party. In this State this rule is without exception. The Democrat who proclaims his independence takes his first open step towards the other party. The tendency is so universal, the purpose so clear, the result so inevitable, that the independent might at once spare himself the shame of his indirect approaches to his destination. He had at once better do openly what every one knows he is trying to do by deceit. Deceiving no one, he ought to mislead no one, and would not do so if the world, even in its happiest condition, were not always full of discontent and always full of those hoping for advantage from change.

But independentism would take no hold on the popular mind, if its inevitable results were considered, and if the character and the past record of the party to be benefitted were remembered. It ought not to be forgotten how infamous was Republican rule in North Carolina before the uprising of the people in 1870 overthrew it. And it cannot escape observation that under no circumstances where that party retains or has regained power, has there been any change in its policy, any departure from its practices, any purification of its morality.

The party of the past is the party of the present, and what afflicted this State, or the South, will surely be the portion of the Southern people or the people of North Carolina if ever by any slip, negligence or procurement of theirs, they permit the Republican party to renew its hold.

So rabid a Republican as D. H. Chamberlain, once Governor of South Carolina, draws this picture of his party:

"On this point let us not be wanting in candor. The former ascendancy of the Republican party of the South was attended by gross abuses in most of the Southern States—abuses so gross as would have awakened the highest degree of discontent in any Northern State. As an instance, I may say, as I was compelled at the time to say, that my own struggle as Governor of South Carolina was almost wholly with the corrupt elements of the Republican party, elements openly organized for and bent upon public plunder."

In this connection it may be well to refer to the same authority for his estimate of Mahone's character. The example of this man is used as an encouragement to the coalitionists of North Carolina, as a means of breaking down the Democratic party. In Virginia Mahone has the open support of the Republican administration. In North Carolina the coalitonists have the same encouragement, and for the same purpose, namely, to restore Republican power.

Speaking of the aid given by the administration to Mahone, Chamberlain says:

"Now, to countenance Mahone under any stress of so called political advantage or necessity, as I believe Mr. Jewell and Mr. Gorham did in the last campaign and as some prominent Republicans are now advising, is to betray and dishonor our party and the cause of good government, which is above all parties. Better by far aid the regular Democracy of Virginia, who on this issne are comparatively honorable."

But Arthur, against this manly opinion, still encourages Mahone; he still encourages the coalition in North Carolina.

And remember that both Mahone and the coalition leaders in this State started off as Independent Democrats. Beware of the Independents.—*Asheville Citizen.*

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The President on Saturday issued a proclamation designating Thursday, November 29th, as a day of national thanksgiving.

On the same day Lord Chief Justice Coleridge sailed for England on the steamship Britannic.

Cholera has reappeared at Alexandria, Egypt. It is not believed, however, that the epidemic will last long.

In the Banks county, Georgia, kuklux case the eight prisoners have been found guilty on every indictment.

A conference for the protection of submarine cables has just been concluded at Paris. The most important feature in the conference was the English proposal that in the event of war any power shall be at liberty to withdraw, with the right of readmission when peace shall have been concluded. The conference adopted this principle. This means that in case of war any power may cut the cables at its own risk and peril. The cables must take chances similar to other property at sea.

Secretary Folger has received from Attorney General Brewster an opinion in regard to the effect of the clause in the new tariff law which provides "that there shall be no allowances for breakage, leakage or damage on wines, liquors, cordials or distilled spirits." The Attorney General holds that "proviso repeals only arbitrary allowances in lieu of leakage and breakage which before existed, and does not require an assessment of duty upon a greater quantity than is actually imported, as shown by the return of the proper officer." The customs officers will be immediately directed to conform their action to this opinion.

Bailey & Moseley's tobacco factory at Reidsville was burned to the ground Thursday night. Some 1,500 or 2,000 boxes of tobacco, a large quantity of leaf, the books and everything except about 300 boxes, were burned. As far as can be learned there was about $6,000 insurance on the stock and $2,000 on the house. The origin of the fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

From all parts of the county, says the Raleigh *Visitor*, we hear that the cotton and corn crops are proving to be much better than was anticipated. The late season has allowed the cotton a longer time to ripen in than usual. There should be more money in circulation this winter than for several years before.

COFFEE,
SUGAR, TEA,
CHEESE, LARD,
BACON, RICE,
MEAL, HOMINY,
POTASH, GINGER,
SOAP, LYE,
PEPPER,
SPICE,
NUTMEGS,
TOBACCO of all grades, at
CHAS. HAIGH'S
Fayetteville, Nov. 1, 1883. 39tf

VERY BEST
BUTTER AND FLOUR.
GOOD ARTICLE IN MOLASSES AND SYRUPS, at
CHAS. HAIGH'S.
Nov 1, 1883 39tf

"Peerless" 150 Test Kerosene Oil.
This high grade Oil is best suited to all uses, and but a trifle higher in price than ordinary coal oil.
Both kinds constantly in stock.

Fresh Arrival of Tea.
same quality as heretofore.
H. R. HORNE.
Nov. 1, 1883. 39tf

GEO. H. HAIGH,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
MARKET SQUARE,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

NOTICE.
A GENTLEMAN wishing board in a private family can be accommodated by a quiet household living in a central locality.
Address, through the Post Office for a week,
"A. B. C."
Nov 1, 1883 1t

To the Farmers of Cumberland.
I CAN negotiate loans in very considerable amounts upon Improved Farms and Valuable Lands situated in this County. Said loans running for a term of years.
R. S. HUSKE, Agent.
Nov 1, 1883. 39-3m

A CARD.
HAVING been detained by bad weather and heavy roads, I shall not reach Fayetteville as early as I had expected, but intend to be there by the middle of November.
E. W. LINEBACK.
Salem, Oct 28, 1883 1t

FOR SALE.
AN IMPROVED FARM situated three miles north of Fayetteville, containing one hundred and thirty-five acres—sixty-five acres cleared. A fine orchard of apple, peach and pear trees, and a variety of vines. For full particulars apply to
I. S. ROWLAND.
Nov 1, 1883 39-3t

JAS. R. McNEILL,
Cabinet Maker & Undertaker,
BOW STREET, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

NOVELTIES!
WARREN PRIOR & SON.
We ask attention to our large and varied line of
Vienna Goods,
especially so, as they have never been shown in this market before, and having been bought direct from the Importers, we do not hesitate to say that prices are as low as the same class of goods can be bought anywhere. The line embraces:
Decorated Crystal Jardinieres;
Florentine Jardinieres;
Tyrolese Flower Baskets;
Venetian Jewel and Flower Stands;
Treble Cornet Flower Holders;
Jewel Caskets and Watch Holders;
Jewel Caskets, Card Receiver and Flower Stands combined;
Egg Casket Jewel Stands;
Arcadian Toilet Sets;
Etruscan Vases;
Florentine Jewel Caskets;
Venetian Bridal Toilet Stands;
Pallette Odor Stands;
Gilded Bronze Smokers' Sets.
Bronze Groups;
Statuette Thermometres.
The above goods are in paterns and colorings, covering an unusual range of ornamental and decorative art.

Silver Ware.
In Solid and Plated Ware we have all the latest designs in
Ice Pitchers, Tilting Pitchers, Pitcher sets in Porcelain and metal linings, with Plain, Satin Shield, Roman Border, chased and engraved finish.

Waiters.
Chased, Engraved and Satin Shield.
Soup Ladles;
Oyster Ladles;
Plain and Chased Tete-a-Tete Sets;
Beautiful Tea Set, six pieces, with Waiter to match;
Breakfast, Dinner and Individual Casters;
Cake Baskets in round, oblong, square and octagon designs;
Butter Dishes;
Card Receivers;
Epergnes;
Tea and Table Spoons;
Preserve and Jelly Spoons;
Sugar Shells;
Butter Knives;
Pie Knives;
Fish Forks;
Fruit Knives;
Spoon Holders;
Fruit Stands;
Berry Dishes;
Knives and Forks.
Many of the above goods are in Niello and Gold finish.

Jewelry.
Our stock of Jewelry is very much larger than any display made since 1860.

Watches.
Gold and Silver Watches from the best manufacturers of this and foreign markets.

Remember
We are manufacturers' agents for Spectacles and Eye Glasses.

French Cathedral Gong Clocks.
Don't fail to see them—beautiful in design and exquisite in tone. Besides the largest assortment in the State of American made clocks.

Cutlery.
The best Pocket Knives, Razors and Scissors; Rodger's Razors; Wostenholm's Razors; Wade & Butcher's Razors; Rodger's Cutlery Companions in morocco and plush cases for ladies and gentlemen; Rodger's Nail Sets in morocco cases.

Meerschaum
Pipes, Cigarette and Cigar Holders; also Cigarette and Cigar Cases, and a very large variety of Pocket Books, Purses and Ladies' Satchels.

If large words or a multitude of them ever had a license to be used, the occasion is here presented that force may be given to the fact that as fine a display, if not the finest, in the State is at
WARREN PRIOR & SON'S,
Watchmakers & Jewelers,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Nov 1, 1883 39tf

I TAKE
THIS OPPORTUNITY TO ANNOUNCE TO MY MANY PATRONS THAT I HAVE ADDED TO MY ALREADY FINE STOCK OF
CLOTHING,
A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF
English WORSTED SUITS,
RUNNING FROM
$6.50 up to $25.00.
I ADVISE THOSE WHO HAVE NOT PURCHASED YET TO CALL AT THE EARLIEST OPPORTUNITY, THERE BEING A LARGE DEMAND FOR SUCH GOODS THIS SEASON.
HENRY R. NOVITZKY,
SUCCESSOR TO HENRY ELSON,
Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.
Nov. 1, 1883. 39-3t

STILL TO THE FRONT
With NEW GOODS, CHEAP GOODS, and Fashionable Goods. Just call at
J. M. BEASLEY'S JEWELRY STORE,
THE LEADING AND LARGEST IN FAYETTEVILLE,
and you will find them with polite and practical workmen to wait on you. They will show you
Gold and Silver Watches,
LARGE AND SMALL.
A full line of FASHIONABLE JEWELRY: Pins, Rings—Plain, Scale, Stone, and Cameo—by the hundred. Bracelets, from $2.50 to $30.00. Watch Chains of all kinds. Neck Chains,
DIAMOND RINGS,
Pins and Ear-Rings. Silver-ware: Spoons, Forks, Mugs, Butter Knives, Napkin Rings, &c.
PLATED GOODS,
From an Ice Pitcher to a Mustard Spoon. Razor Straps, Knives, Scissors, Clocks, Gold and Silver Headed Walking Canes. Large lot of cheaper Canes. Spectacles in large quantities.
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry nicely repaired.
Nov. 1-tf. J. M. BEASLEY.

Visitors
TO THE
APPROACHING FAIR
WILL FIND
Sedberry's Drug Store
A CONVENIENT STOPPING PLACE.
All are invited to call and make themselves at home.
If they wish to make purchases, they will always find his stock of fresh
DRUGS,
Paints, Oils, &c., &c.,
COMPLETE.
FINE TOOTH BRUSHES, HAIR BRUSHES, DRESSING COMBS.
Hunter's Tooth Powder a specialty.
Nov 1, 1883 1t

Wanted,
TEN thousand visitors to the Cumberland County Fair. Fayetteville never gets too full of visitors to furnish accommodations for all. Come one, come all and bear in mind that you can get almost anything in the way of
FANCY GROCERIES, CANDIES, HARDWARE, HEAVY GROCERIES, &c.,
At A. S. HUSKE & CO'S.
Hay Street.
Nov 1, 1883. 39tf

Flour, Sugar, Coffee,
Powder, Shot, Caps,
Soap, Starch, Lye,
At A. S. HUSKE & CO'S.

Fair Week.
CHEESE, BUTTER, NAILS.
At A. S. HUSKE & CO'S.

Will be glad
to see our friends and customers while in town. Hope lots of them will come to the Fair.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.

Do you want Fresh Goods, Good Goods and Fancy Candies—if so would recommend you to A. S. HUSKE & CO.

We think you can get the best 5c. Cigar for a nickle, at
A. S. HUSKE & CO'S.

LARD, MOLASSES,
HAMS AND SIDES,
At A. S. HUSKE & CO'S.

Buggy Whips,
Riding Whips,
Spurs, &c.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.

GET THE BEST ALWAYS, and remember that A. S. Huske & Co. can sell you the new style Galvanized Well Bucket—will last a lifetime.
HUSKE'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

Hardware
At
Huske's Hardware House,
or A. S. HUSKE & CO'S.

Iron of all kinds;
Axles; Cart and Buggy Material; general line of Builders' Hardware; Axes; Shovels; Spades; Broad Axes; Adzes; Hatchets; Fire Dogs; Shovels and Tongs; Nails, &c.
At CHAS. HAIGH'S.
Nov I, 1883 39tf

FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

E. J. HALE,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

EXTRA.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
NOVEMBER 9TH, 1883.

OBSERVER.

The Result of Tuesday's Elections.

In the OBSERVER Extra issued the morning after the election, in the regular issue of the OBSERVER yesterday morning, and in the Extra of yesterday our readers have been furnished with full returns of the elections in the ten States which voted on Tuesday. The result is that we have carried New York, New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland and Mississippi, and that the Republicans have Connecticut, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Minnesota and Nebraska.

Massachusetts, New York and Maryland elected legislatures; and Connecticut, New Jersey and Virginia, each, elected members of the lower house and a portion of the members of the upper. But none of these legislatures elect a United States Senator. The importance, therefore, of the elections just held to the people of the United States lies in their bearing upon the great national Presidential contest of next year. The chief interest centred in New York and Virginia, and in these the Democrats have won. The defeat of the Mahone candidates for the legislature in Virginia—no other officials were voted for in that State—is a great triumph, which will have its effect in other Southern States than Virginia in restraint of movements contemplated for the disintegration of the Democratic party.

The result in New York is almost equally gratifying, because of the necessity of the thirty-five electoral votes which New York casts to the success of a Democratic candidate, and because that thorn in the side of the Democracy of that State, John Kelly, had within a short period before the election gotten the party there into another snarl. Under the circumstances, therefore, the triumph of the party in New York counts for a very great deal, and is cause for the belief that the Republican party will not recover the ground lost there in the great Cleveland-Folger campaign of last Fall.

Careful observers of the political situation have not calculated upon the Democracy's accomplishing anything more than they have done, unless, perhaps, in Connecticut. In this State gains are reported for the Republicans in the legislature, which has for the most part been republican for a number of years, though the Democrats elected a Governor a year ago by a small majority. The capture of the Connecticut legislature, therefore, was simply a case of the Dutch taking Holland.

Summing up the whole result, Tuesday's elections may be regarded as a substantial victory for the great Constitutional party, whose chances for winning next year are better than its adversary's.

Third Day of the Fair.

THE FAIR A GRAND SUCCESS.

THE GROUNDS CROWDED WITH VISITORS.

This has been a day in the history of the Cumberland County Fair of which the Society and especially its Managers may be proud. The entries had increased this morning to 800. The Secretary found it difficult to estimate the number of visitors present, but it was greater than for many years.

The display of cattle is perhaps not so large as at former Fairs. But very fine specimens of Jersey, Devon, Ayreshire and Durham are exhibited by Messrs. E. H. Evans, Jno. Hodges, D. N. McLean, J. A. Worth (twin heifers) and J. N. Talbot. Alex. McKinsey exhibits a magnificent specimen of Durham, Devon and Brahmin Bull, finer by far than Blackwell's.

Do not some of our countymen make a mistake in failing to exhibit and pay deserving attention to their cattle? The average milch cow of this section is inferior to none in this country. The writer knows whereof he speaks, having spent a great part of four years on large dairy farms in Orange county, New York, and Addison county, Vermont, where the profit from dairy products is great and the farmers' source of support. That the average milking quality of the cows is no better than that of our own cannot be truthfully contradicted. Besides they suffer a disadvantage in comparison with our farmers in that they are compelled to keep their cattle housed the greater part of the winter in consequence of its severity.

J. D. Powers' Essex Boar and Sow, 5 months old, are fine. The grand-sire of the Boar was awarded first premium at six fairs in New York State. The Sow is from "Lady Alice," owned in Ohio. This exhibit is from Morelton Farm, Rochester, New York. Also exhibits Jersey Red Pigs.

J. N. Talbot has monsters in white Chester Sow and Boar.

J. A. Worth four 14 month old Hogs. No want of proyender, judging from their appearance, at his Haymount farm.

A. Gainey, James Vann and A. B. Gordon, Berkshire, Snap-Dragon and Corbit Hogs.

W. A. Evans, N. L. Ray and Master John McLean's exhibit of Sheep and Goats is worthy of mention.

J. A. Williams has on exhibition his celebrated and thorough-bred Stallion, Tom Bacon, also thorough-bred mares and colts.

The trotting and pacing horses entered by June Williams, R. H. Owens, W. H. Gibson, W. L. Charles and J. N. Talbot should not escape notice of visitors.

The largest display of Fowls ever shown at our Fair is on exhibition, of all the well known breeds and those more rare, such as Yellow Duck-wing Game, Black Game, Grey Eagle Game, Jersey Game, Bantico Game, War Horse Game, Blue Stone-Fence Game, Derby Grey Game, Seo Double Game, Arrington Grey Game, Trio Brown Breasted Red Game, Georgia Grey Game, Black Stone Fence Game, Scotch Grey Game, Bantams, Dominique, Gold Lace Bantams, besides many breeds of Ducks, Geese, Turkeys and Guineas, and are exhibited by W. A. Nash, A. J. Woodward, Miss Delia Woodward, Master Willie Slocomb, R. B. Evans, Master Johnnie McLean, Geo. Rose, Norman Smith, A. E. Smith, George and Leon Brandt, Mrs. M. Maxwell, W. H. Brooks, J. H. Clegg, Chatham county, Henry Hale, Master A. H. Worth, Frank Beasley, A. M. Campbell, Jr., and R. E. Harriss, of Chatham county. The last three mentioned have the largest variety and contribution, Mr. Harris having the largest.

It is gratifying to the people of Cumberland to find the people of Chatham county taking such an active interest in the development of our Agricultural interests. The exhibits from this county are many and all exceptionally fine.

The North Carolina Hams, exhibited by Mrs. E. H. Evans, A. Gainey, H. W. Peoples, of Chatham county, and A. B. Godwin, of Sampson county, remind one of the days when it was by special favor you could get one of the Elliot hams.

Sweet Potatoes of G. W. Lawrence, J. A. Worth, M. Maxwell, A. H. Worth, Jno. McArthur, J. P. McLean and Henry Marsh, are of wonderful dimensions. Those exhibited by Mrs. John McNeill were cultivated by the aid of cotton seed fertilizer. The diameter or circumference is not mentioned: it would seem incredible.

No need of Philadelphia pressed brick here.—See Tolar and Poe's exhibit and satisfy yourself of this fact.

Wm. Overby & Son make a fine display of harness and saddles of their own manufacture. Also an exhibit of harness by W. L. Charles.

Jno. L. Allen, of the Novelty Works, has goods from his works.

McMillan Bros. have on exhibition convincing arguments of their ability to make you comfortable during the cold weather with various kinds of heating apparatus.

DEPARTMENT OF CONDIMENTS.

The thought of dinner had not occurred to your reporter until he entered this department, when hunger at once seized him, and he found himself very much in the condition of the man just married when the company all left: "I want to go home."

The contributors here are very numerous, but the exhibit of Miss Callie McKethan, 14 years of age, deserves special notice. It is admirable, and our young girls will find her example worthy of imitation and most commendable.

Mrs. Geo. W. Lawrence has Laundry Soap of her own make. It appears to be a most excellent article. Our women, among all their other good qualities, are celebrated for the many good things they get up. The very sight of their exhibit in this department is appetizing. The contributors are Mrs Daniel Smith, Mrs. M. Maxwell, Mrs. Geo. W. Lawrence, Mrs. J. B. Smith, Mrs. W. J. McDonald, Mrs. James M. Matthews, Mrs. A. H. Worth, Mrs. D. M. McDonald, Mrs. Broadfoot, Mrs. I. B. Davis, Mrs. G. M. Rose, Mrs. N. L. Ray, Mrs. J. R. Brooks, Mrs. J. C. Thomson, Mrs. W. E. Kyle, Mrs. J. B. Harriss, Mrs. J. A. Worth, Mrs. A. H. Watson, Mrs. W. Douglass Smith, Mrs. A. Graham, Mrs. D. J. Sessoms, Mrs Jonathan Hollingsworth, Mrs. N. W. Ray, Misses E. J. Winslow, Annie Ray, Elizabeth Hollingsworth, Mabel S. Smith, Maggie Harriss, A. Poe, M. J. Overby, Mary S. Ray, E. M. McDonald, Jane McAllister, Ida Rankin and Laura Wade.

Mrs. W. E. Kyle, Mrs. Broadfoot and Mrs. G. M. Rose have the largest display.

FRUIT DEPARTMENT.

In the Fruit department Isaac H Clegg, of Chatham Co., has a fine display of Evaporated peaches and apples. Fruit preserved in this way has become an almost indispensable article in the Northern cities and is rapidly growing in favor throughout the South. It is claimed that the fruit put up in this way retains its original flavor and freshness to a greater degree than by any other process known for preserving it, and it commands a better price than in any other way offered.

J. W. Perry, of Chatham County, exhibits several varieties of apples, some of which are almost equal to our mountain apples, which are the finest in the world.

If the fruit department had nothing but J. S. Breece's display of Japanese Persimmons—a variety grafted into our native persimmon—and the visitor should not be satisfied, then he would fail to be pleased with any exhibit. They are as large as the large size of oranges, and in appearance not unlike them.

THE GRADED SCHOOL.

Not the least attractive feature of to-day was the bright, happy faces of the children of the Graded School, Prof. Graham and his corps of teachers having them in charge. They were escorted to the grounds by the Haymount L. I. Cadets, Capt. O'Hanlon.

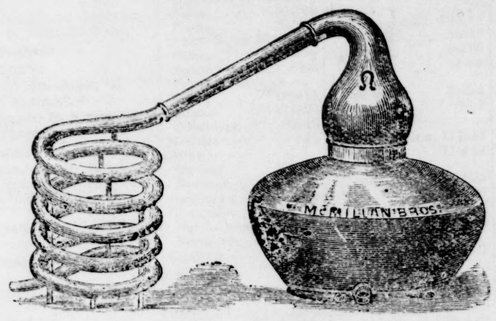
Prof. Kelly, of Union Home School, Moore County, exhibits Crayons enlarged from photographs without the aid of an instrument by pupils of his school. The great merit of these pictures is that the pupils have had but five months' instruction. The work executed by Misses McIver and Campbell and Mr. D. McIver bear evidence of artistic talent.

Remarkable to say, but one casualty occurred during the day. We regret that one of Moore County's citizens, a white man, was badly cut in the head and neck by a negro, a stranger here. The negro was promptly arrested by the police and properly cared for.

THE BALL TO-NIGHT.—It is the custom, we believe, at most of the Fairs, to wind up the brief season of merry-making with a dance. But the Ball which is annually given at the close of the Cumberland Fair has a just reputation throughout the State. The one at which all the Town's guests are to be made welcome to-night will not fall behind its predecessors in brilliancy and the opportunity for wholesome enjoyment, and we predict that it will prove to be such a pleasant farewell that not many of our guests will be content to say less than *au revoir!*

FAYETTEVILLE BY GASLIGHT.—The shop windows of Fayetteville have presented a brilliant sight at night during this Fair week. The merchants of the town exhibit as much taste in the display of goods as in the purchase and selection of them, and throngs of passers on the pavements have stopped to enjoy the result of their skill in this regard.

STILLS AND STOVES.



WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE LOT OF BOTH

NEW AND SECOND-HAND STILLS,

CAPS, ARMS and WORMS, FROM 10 to 25 BBLS. CAPACITY.

A Large Lot of Still Bottoms of many sizes.

As this is about the closing of the season now is the time to prepare for repairing your Stills. Repairing through the country a specialty.

GLUE KETTLES, SKIMMERS & DIPPERS.

OUR PRICES THE LOWEST; OUR WORK THE BEST; OUR TERMS THE MOST LIBERAL.

IN COOKING and HEATING STOVES,

we cordially invite you to an inspection of our stock, not merely because we desire you to purchase, but that you may see for yourself the result of years' experience devoted to the pleasing of our patrons. We have a large assortment of

TIN TOILET SETS, latest out;

Tin-ware, stamped and pieced, Tin Valleys, Sheet Zinc, Galvanized, Russia and Common Sheet Iron, Stove Pipes all sizes, Stove Repairs for a large variety of different makes and patterns.

Wise men will do well to have their heating stoves cleaned up and ready for cold weather.

McMILLAN BROS.

W. OVERBY. C. P. OVERBY.

W. OVERBY & SON,

46 SOUTH PERSON ST., FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Saddle and Harness Manufacturers.

THE ONLY HOUSE IN THIS LINE IN FAYETTEVILLE SELLING EXCLUSIVELY ITS OWN WORK. *The Senior Partner has conducted this business for over thirty years.* We use good oak tanned leather. Saddles at all prices. All work is hand-made and warranted. Everything that is kept in a first-class harness-shop we have.

BEST GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.

AT THE WELL-KNOWN HOUSE
—OF—
S. BRANDT,
HAY STREET,

Will be found an elegant line of PRINTS and

Ladies' Dress Goods

AT LOW PRICES;

SHOES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;

CLOTHING AND HATS

for everybody — all selected to please the most fastidious as well as those who only consult economy.

M. H. C. T. S. T. S. B.

McNEILL & Co.

will give a musical instrument or piece of music to any one who will read the above correctly and call at their store during the Fair, or will sell you a good ORGAN or PIANO

CHEAP, CHEAP! CHEAP!!

We make a specialty of the STIEFF PIANO, which we believe to be one of the BEST MADE. We know one that has been

IN USE 14 YEARS

and is to-day as good as any new one, and better than many.

PALACE ORGANS,

Estey Organs, Burdett Organs, Clough & Warren Organs, but no Beatty Organs, if you please. COME ONE! COME ALL!

McNEILL & CO.

ALL THE RAGE.

PARISIAN DOLMANS,

Jackets and Sacques, for Ladies, Misses and Children, in drab and blacks. Beaver Cassimeres at our house cannot be surpassed in style and prices. Visitors to the Fair, and all others, are respectfully invited to call and make their selections at

GEORGE BRANDT'S
Grand Central Dry Goods
BAZAAR,

24 & 26 Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

For Ziegler Brothers, Bay State and G. B. Shoes for Ladies, Misses and Children, Gents, Youths and Boys, call at GEO. BRANDT'S GRAND CENTRAL DRY GOODS BAZAAR, 24 & 26 Hay Street.

Wholesale Customers are respectfully invited to call and get the latest quotations of the New York and Boston Dry Goods and Foot and Shoe market, at GEO. BRANDT'S NEW WHOLESALE HOUSE, adjoining the Grand Central Dry Goods Bazaar, Nos. 28 & 30 Hay St., Fayetteville, N. C.

VISITORS
TO THE FAIR,

We have just received a car load of

SEED OATS.

Also a car load of

Prime Timothy Hay.

We have, a large lot of LIME and other goods in our line. Don't fail to examine our Buggy Harness, Bridles, Saddles, Collars and Whips.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,
Market Square.

Fayetteville Hardware
—AND—
Supply House.

WALTER WATSON.

BOILER IRON cut any size and holes drilled for patching; Patch and Stay bolts any size; Tools for patching boilers, &c. Steam Gauges and Valves all sizes.

Gauge Glasses any length.

Steel, all kind and sizes; American and Swedes Iron any size.

Ropes and Twine, Grindstones and fixtures.

Builders' Hardware: such as Locks, Hinges, &c., &c.

Powder, Shot and Caps.

Gun and Pistol Cartridges.

Guns, Rifles and Pistols from $1 to $100. In fact everything kept in stock that constitutes a first-class Hardware Store.

Breech Loading Gun Cartridges loaded—any size.

Repairing done in all its branches by first class workmen under the personal superintendence of myself.

WALTER WATSON,
Two doors from the Fayetteville Observer office.

J. B. STARR,

Cotton AND Naval Stores,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

J. J. WHALEY,

WATCHMAKER
AND JEWELER,

Next door to H. Whaley's Harness and Saddle Shop,
HAY STREET, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

For Sale.

HORSE AND BUGGY.
TERMS EASY.
Also, 5,000 lbs. Rice Straw.
D. H. BELL.

Millinery.—Millinery.

A LARGE AND HANDSOME STOCK OF
Millinery, Notions and Fancy Goods,
to which the attention of
Visitors to the Fair is invited, will be found at
MISS M. H. SMITH'S,
No. 19 Hay Street.

Special Preparation
—AT—
PETERSON'S ART GALLERY
—FOR—
THE FAIR.

GEO. H. HAIGH,

BOOKSELLER
AND STATIONER,
Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Forty-Nine Years Established.

P
R
PRIOR
O
R
'S

CONSPICUOUS FOR ITS ELEGANT DISPLAY

—OF— J —OF—

E

Watches W *Clocks*

E

and L *and*

R

Jewelry, Y *Silverware,*

DIAMONDS AND PRECIOUS STONES,

S
T
STORE
R
E

ENGAGEMENT
AND WEDDING RINGS,
BRIDAL PRESENTS.

Henry R. Novitzky,

Successor to Henry Elson,

is the Sole Agent for

JESSUP & CO.'S

NEW YORK FINE CUSTOM-MADE

CLOTHING

JESSUP & CO.'S CLOTHING HAS SHOWN ITSELF SO FAR SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS IN EXCELLENCE OF WORKMANSHIP,

BEAUTY OF STYLES,

AND GREAT DURABILITY, THAT IT IS SOUGHT FOR BY ALL PERSONS DESIRING THE

Very Best Clothing

AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES CONSISTENT WITH HIGHEST STANDARD.

H. R. NOVITZKY,
Successor to HENRY ELSON,
Sole Agent.

A FAIR YOUNG LADY'S HAPPINESS AT THE FAIR

can be made complete by calling at

MRS. DYE'S

MILLINERY BAZAAR,

NO. 17 HAY STREET,

where also the FAIR DAME, her mother, her younger sisters, her cousins and her aunts may go with equal advantage.

No matter how

RICH THE APPAREL

otherwise, it fails of its due effect if becoming head-gear be wanting. This MRS. DYE supplies from a bonnet stock equal to the demands of all tastes and purses.

HANDSOME,
HANDSOME!

JUST ARRIVED: a beautiful selection of *SILVER PLATED GOODS* of all the usual patterns—

CASTERS,

Cake Baskets,
Butter Dishes,
Pickle Stands,
Vases,
Spoon Holders, Cake and Pie Knives, &c., &c.

Call and see that they are really beautiful.

J. M. BEASLEY.

STRANGERS

VISITING THE FAIR, will find the most approved brands of CIGARS and CIGARETTES, together with a full line of

TOILET ARTICLES,

such as
HAIR
and
TOOTH
BRUSHES,
Soaps,
Perfumery, &c., &c., at the DRUG STORE of
H. R. HORNE,
Nearly Opposite Fayetteville Hotel.

SOMETHING TO SEE!
IN THE FLORAL HALL
At the Fair Grounds;
or at our well known stand
On Hay Street
can be seen the finest display of
FRESH FANCY CANDY,
ever offered in Fayetteville.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.

GENTLEMEN,

WHEN YOU WISH A GOOD SMOKE call at

A. S. Huske & Co.'s

and get one of their well known brands, "Etelka," "Sweetheart," "Taffy," "H. & Co's Choice" or their more famous L. Q. C. L. Cigar.

A. S. HUSKE & CO.

HOUSE-KEEPERS,
ATTENTION!

MRS. BANKS has employed a new baker and can supply house-keepers who have no cooks with sweet Breads, Rolls, Pies, &c., &c.
MRS. BANKS'S CONFECTIONERY,
Green Street.

J. J. AHEARN,
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS,
GREEN STREET SALOON,
Next to A. Moore's.

H. WHALEY,
MANUFACTURER OF SADDLES,
BRIDLES AND HARNESS,
Hay Street,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

CUMBERLAND FAIR.

BARGAINS
TO BE HAD AT
R. W. Thornton's
NEW STORE,
Next to J. C. Thomson's,
—ON PERSON STREET, NORTH SIDE—

PRINTS
AND LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.
Magnificent line of ZIEGLER'S and other standard makes of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
CLOTHING
for Men, Boys and Youths. The best Underwear and Hosiery.
SHIRTS A SPECIALTY.
Full line of HATS.
Sampson and Johnston County Headquarters.
At R. W. THORNTON'S,
Person Street.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY
FAIR.

VISITORS

Can learn something of great importance to them, free of charge, by calling at

THE RED SIGN,
No. 47 Person Street,

ALSO——F. F. F. F. F. G's.

Find Fresh, Fine, Fancy

Family Groceries.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
WINES AND LIQUORS,
for medical purposes.
R. T. SCANLIN, AG'T,
Fayetteville, N. C.

VISITORS
TO THE
CUMBERLAND FAIR
WILL FIND
Sedberry's Drug Store
A CONVENIENT STOPPING PLACE.

All are invited to call and make themselves at home. If they wish to make purchases they will always find his stock of

FRESH DRUGS,

Paints, Oils, &c., &c., complete.

FINE TOOTH BRUSHES,

Hair Brushes, Dressing Combs.

Hunter's Tooth Powders a specialty.

County Fair.

VISITORS TO THE FAIR are cordially invited to inspect

ROSE & LEAK'S

large stock of DRY GOODS, BLANKETS, CLOTHING,

Boots and Shoes, Hats, Notions, Carpeting, &c., &c., contained in their two large stores

ON HAY STREET,

ROSE & LEAK can exhibit a good stock of Ready-made Clothing and an elegant line of Overcoats. Also Nobby Hats, Collars, Ties, Laundried Shirts, Cuffs and Underwear. And they can please the ladies with their stock of DRESS GOODS, VELVETS and BROCADE SILKS. Call in and see us.

Respectfully,
ROSE & LEAK.

JOHN D. COOK,

GILLESPIE STREET,

LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES,

LARGE STOCK OF CROCKERY,

always on hand.

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

Tin Ware,
Tobacco,
Cigars,
Hardware,
and
Cutlery,

FOR SALE.

My residence on Winslow Street.

Building good. Terms easy.

MRS. D. H. BELL.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published every Thursday at 26 and 28 Hay Street, (Brandt's Hall.)

THURSDAY.....NOVEMBER 1, 1883.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year (in advance).....$2 00
Six months.....1 00

☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.
J. S. ROWLAND—For Sale.
E. W. LINEBACK—A Card.
J. A. PEMBERTON, JR—Bargains.
FRANK W. THORNTON—Fair Ball.
J. M. BEASLEY—Still to the Front.
WARREN PRIOR & SON—Novelties.
MRS. DYE—Millinery and Fancy Goods.
GEO. H. HAIGH—Bookseller and Stationer.
B. E. SEDBERRY—Drugs, Paints, Oils, &c.
R. S. HUSKE—To the Farmers of Cumberland.
A. S. HUSKE & CO—Groceries, Hardware, &c.
HENRY R. NOVITZKY—English Worsted Suits.
CHAS. HAIGH—Coffee, Butter, Flour, Iron, &c.
H. R. HORNE—"Peerless" 150 Test Kerosene Oil.
JAS. R. MCNEILL—Cabinet Maker & Undertaker

ABOUT TOWN.

BALLOON ASCENSION.—We learn that some of our young men are going to have something new in the way of pleasures for the Fair people. They will send up quite a large balloon from Market Square on Thursday night of Fair week. This will be worth seeing.

THE DISTRICT COUNCIL FRIENDS OF TEMPERANCE.—The District Council Friends of Temperance will meet in this town next Wednesday. On Thursday night the Rev. Roger Martin, of Shoe Heel, will deliver a public address on the subject of temperance.

DR. HUSKE AND THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.—Rev. Dr. J. C. Huske has returned from the General Convention at Philadelphia, and expresses himself as much pleased with the results of its deliberations. The convention for the election of a Bishop for the new Diocese in this State will be held at New Berne on Dec. 12th.

A CUMBERLAND ALLIGATOR.—Mr. Randall McMillan has shown us an alligator caught in Muss's pond yesterday by Mr. A. J. Woodward. Estimating for the length of a piece of his tail which is lacking, he would measure nearly four feet. So far as we are aware this is the first alligator ever caught in Cumberland waters.

A FINE COW POISONED.—Mr. Geo. H. Haigh lost a fine cow from eating mock orange which had been thrown in the street on Haymount last week. This is unfortunate, and we hope our people will soon learn that mock orange is a deadly poison to cows. It should not be thrown in the streets, but should be burned.

HAYMOUNT IMPROVEMENTS.—Mr. J. H. Hall is making great improvements at the old Hale house on Haymount, in tearing down the old brick wall and shaping the hill-side and covering it with green turf anew. He has not only added much to the looks of the place, but has made a good walk for foot-passengers.

CORRECTIONS.—In last week's issue there were three errors in the list of Marshals for the Fair. Henry Carver should be *Harry* Carver, Geo. Sloan should be *Wm.* Sloan, and W. L. Steele, Jr., should be *R. L.* Steele. The first mentioned is our mistake, and the last two was the fault of the manuscript. The name of Mr. J. W. Tomlinson was omitted.

PISTOL SHOOTING.—Again we hear serious complaints against the practice of shooting pistols about town in the night time. It is almost a nightly occurrence in the North and East parts of the town. The offenders will be caught, and we bespeak for them a severe punishment. It is a very dangerous and unlawful practice.

THE COLORED INDUSTRIAL FAIR.—We acknowledge receipt of an invitation from President Leary of the N. C. Industrial Association to attend its fifth annual fair, to be held at Raleigh November 13 to 17th inclusive.

THE VERDICT of the jury of inquest in the case of Thos. McDonald, who was run over and killed by a train on the C. F. & Y. V. Railway on the evening of the 19th ult., declares the death accidental and exonerates the Railroad company from blame.

THE LADIES' MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION of Raleigh has acknowledged the receipt of a check for $100 from Maj. McKethan as the Independent Company's contribution towards defraying the expenses of the removal of the Arlington dead.

NEW COTTAGES.—Mr. Jno. P. Thomson has nearly completed his fourth cottage in the long row of cottages on the road leading to Harrington Hill. This part of the town is growing to be quite a settlement for the colored people. Most of them own the houses they occupy. We understand Mr. Thomson has good tenants for his cottages, and wishes he had space to build more of them.

MISCHIEVOUS BOYS.—Not long since new window glasses were put in the windows of the old school house on Haymount, known as Bellmont Academy, and the walls nicely whitewashed. We hear that some mischievous boys are constantly breaking the glasses and defacing the walls. It is be hoped that they may be caught in the act and properly punished by their parents. Stop, boys; this is not fun: it is meanness.

FISH COMMISSIONER WORTH.—Our Fayetteville readers, especially, will be glad to learn that Mr. Stephen G. Worth, (son of our esteemed townsman, Jos. A. Worth, Esq.,) who is known all over the State as the very efficient Fish Commissioner of North Carolina, is doing himself and the State credit at Boston. While in that city recently, the writer was impressed with the fact that Mr. Worth's thorough knowledge of his specialty was duly appreciated by the Bostonian pisciculturists.

C. F. & Y. V. RAILROAD.—The convict force on this end of the line are now engaged in filling the trestle across Mallett's pond. This is a big job, and will take about two weeks' time. The sand is hauled from the cut through Massey's hill. When this trestle is completed it is hoped that there will be enough cross-ties on the line of the road to lay the track to Rockfish, and when this point is reached it will be easy sailing, and the road will not be long in reaching Shoe Heel. The upper end of the road is progressing favorably. The depot buildings at Ore Hill are in process of construction. Trains will run from this point during our Fair.

GRADED SCHOOL.—Our people are rejoiced at the fact that the new school building is finished and the glorious work is now going on at one place. It is a good location, the pure air of Haymount is noted, and Prof. Graham's work will now be less tedious and more satisfactory to himself. Prof. Graham has given his school a high reputation, and he is very fortunate in having such fine teachers under him. We hope to be able to speak more fully concerning this school in our next issue.

NEW INVENTION.—We are glad to know that our friend Capt. D. McDougald of this county has invented and received a patent for a very useful and important invention, viz: "Rein Holding Attachment to Vehicles." The attachment prevents the horse from throwing his tail over the reins and prevents the reins from crossing day or night and affords greater ease and safety in driving. The Captain will exhibit his patent at our Fair provided he can get one in time from the manufacturers.

THE PROSPERITY OF FAYETTEVILLE.—We know of no town in North Carolina progressing more rapidly than Fayetteville. The comments of strangers are certainly encouraging. They all say the rapidly increasing prosperity of the town is very apparent. This is a bad crop year, yet our merchants are bright and in good spirits. The streets present a busy appearance. New buildings are going up all about, especially in the suburbs of the town. Our manufacturing establishments are always busy. Everybody seems to be moving; and a very important evidence of the condition of affairs here is to be noted in the fact that we have no street-loafers among our young men. Such signs of progress and of business health are indeed gratifying.

FAIR AMUSEMENTS.—During Fair week our young men will give two dances—a Hop in Fayetteville Hall on Wednesday night, and a Grand Ball in Williams Hall on Friday night. No invitations will be sent out to the ladies: the gentlemen will be provided with admission tickets. Fayetteville is noted for pleasant dances and social entertainments, and we know these two Balls will not prove exceptions. The gentlemen who have the management of them are capable of making them a success. The committee are: Messrs. John R. Myrover, H. McD Robinson, T. M. Hunter, W. F. Campbell and John B. Broadfoot. We make a suggestion which we know the committee will most heartily approve: ladies, be ready and please attend early. The music will be furnished by John Varalla's Italian Band from Raleigh.

ATTRACTIONS OF FAYETTEVILLE TO THE STRANGER.—We are pleased to learn that a large number of strangers will attend Cumberland Fair next week, and for their pleasure and entertainment we will suggest a few places of interest for them to visit. In going up

HAYMOUNT

you will find our Graded School, which is conceded to be the best in the State Scholars from this school who have entered both the University and Davidson have received the highest commendation for their admirable preparation. You will also find on Haymount many very attractive and comfortable dwellings. The site of the old U. S. Arsenal is also there. This was the finest arsenal in the South, and one of the very finest in United States. It was burned at the close of the war by Sherman.

Down town are the

NOVELTY WORKS

of Mr. J. L. Allen, where you will see various kinds of woods turned into many different shapes and forms, and every kind of furniture and house furnishing; the works of

MR. WALTER WATSON,

whose skill in tempering turpentine tools enjoys a national reputation; and the unique establishment of

MESSRS. MCMILLAN BROS.,

whose fine copper work has attracted thousands at the Boston Exposition. The Fayetteville

COTTON SEED OIL MILLS,

Capt. D. Jones, Supt., is where all farmers should go. There one will see the raw cotton ginned and baled and the oil compressed from the seed: this is indeed a great industry. Beyond Harrington Hill, about four miles North of town, is

TOKAY,

owned by Col. W. J. Green. This is the largest vineyard in the South, and a beautiful place it is. The clever Supt., Mr. A. McBuie, is always there, and will take great pleasure in showing you 'round.

CROSS CREEK CEMETERY

is a beautiful place, the location is unsurpassed, and just back of this cemetery you find the famous Cross Creek. The creeks do not cross now, but the old creek runs are plainly visible. This was a remarkable thing in nature; the two creeks actually crossed, and the waters would not mix. The building of two cotton factories, the Cross Creek and Benbow, which are now laid in ashes, destroyed this wonderful phenomenon.

LIBERTY POINT

is at the end of the stores on the north side of Person St., and is the sharp angle formed by Person and Bow. This is where the good people of the Cape Fear section first threw off the yoke of British oppression, and declared themselves freemen. Just below Liberty Point is Mr. Jno. M. Whitted's Tobacco Factory, where a very fine article of plug tobacco is manufactured. And opposite are the extensive buildings and works of

MESSRS. A. A. MCKETHAN AND SON

where will be found a splendid display of carriages and other vehicles, and whose reputation extends to the Rio Grande.

BEAUTIFUL VIEWS

are to be had from various points about the town. Notably, the prospect of the highly cultivated lowlands which one may see who stands on the side-walk north of Col. J. B. Starr's elegant place and looks across his lawn south-eastward; the view of Haymount from the bridge over Mallett's Pond, across that beautiful sheet of water; the view of the town as you approach it on the Bennettsville Railroad from the south—the clear, calm water that winds around the Mallett cemetery and the Fair Grounds on the right, another view of Haymount on the left; a quaint and charming nook as you leave the cemetery, and, crossing the bridge at Pemberton's mill, find yourself on the stone walls about the Cool Spring where our ancestors were accustomed a hundred years ago to congregate Sunday afternoon to discuss affairs of State and other matters; and, perhaps, best of all, the extraordinary prospect which may be enjoyed from the wine house at Tokay, whence, across an immediate foreground of vine-clad hills, may be seen the

VALLEY OF THE CAPE FEAR

for many miles—a land whose ancient cultivation presents a picture of such rounded and softened outline that it looks both English and Frenchy, and the like of which we do not remember to have seen in the Atlantic States this side of the Mohawk.

These and many others are places of interest in and around Fayetteville, but space fails us to tell you of them. Friends and strangers, in behalf of the people of Fayetteville and of Cumberland, we extend to you a hearty welcome, and know that you will be pleased with our town and Fair.

The Wide-Awake Business Men of Fayetteville.

Below we give a list of the Fayetteville advertisers in this issue of the OBSERVER, for the benefit of our readers who purpose attending Cumberland Fair next week. Grouped according to their several lines of business, our merchants can thus be readily found by those who wish to become their customers:

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.—J. E. Garrett.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—Geo. H. Haigh.

CARRIAGES AND HARNESS.—A. A. McKethan & Sons.

COTTON, NAVAL STORES AND HEAVY GROCERIES.—A. E. Rankin & Co., A. B. Williams & Co.

CROCKERY.—W. N. Tillinghast.

DENTISTS.—Dr. T. M. Hunter.

DRUGGISTS.—Hinsdale & Broadfoot, H. R. Horne, B. E. Sedberry, J. N. Smith.

DRY GOODS.—George Brandt, H. R. Novitzky, J. A. Pemberton, F. W. Thornton.

GRAIN.—E. T. McKethan.

GROCERIES.—A. Garrason, Charles Haigh, A. S. Huske & Co., J. A. Pemberton, Jr., A. E. Rankin & Co., R. T. Scanlin, B. R. Taylor, R. H. Tomlinson & Co.

JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.—J. M. Beasley, Warren Prior & Son.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.—Gaster & Harrington.

MACHINERY AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—Jas. S. Evans & Co.

MARBLE WORKS.—Geo. Lauder.

METAL WORKERS, HARDWARE AND STOVES.—I. B. Davis, J. W. Johnson & Co., McMillan Bros., Walter Watson.

MILLINERY.—Mrs. M. E. Dye.

MILLS AND GINS.—Jas. D. McNeill, Clarendon Mills, Pemberton & Newbeury.

PIANOS AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—McNeill & Co.

REAL ESTATE.—R. S. Huske.

SEWING MACHINES.—J. H. Farrar, J. F. Owens.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.—A. Moore.

WOOD WORKERS AND FURNITURE.—J. L. Allen & Co., Jas. R. McNeill, S. Sheetz & Son.

TRAINS AND FREIGHT RATES FOR CUMBERLAND FAIR.—From the Raleigh *Visitor* of last Saturday we copy the following information, of value to visitors and contributors to the Fair:

The following is the time table for the excursion train to be run on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Nov. 7th, 8th and 9th, on the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad:

Trains going up leave Fayetteville at 4 p. m.; Little River at 4:40; Spout Spring; 5:05; Swann's Station, 5:48; Jonesboro, 6:16; Sanford, 6:35; Egypt, 7:3; Gulf, 7:18; arrive at Ore Hill at 8 p. m.

Trains going down will leave Ore Hill at 6 a. m.; Gulf, 6:45; Egypt, 7; Sanford, 7:33; Jonesboro, 7:47; Swann's Station, 8:15; Spout Spring, 8:58; Little River, 9:28; arrive at Fayetteville at 10 a. m.

The regular rates for freight will be collected on all articles intended for exhibition. They will be returned over the road free of charge, and when reshipped the money collected for the freight down will be refunded on certificate from the Secretary of the Fair Association that the articles in question have been regularly exhibited at the fair.

All articles intended for exhibition must be shipped on or before Tuesday the 6th of November, and none of them will be returned over the line until November 10th.

A freight train, with passenger car attached, will leave Ore Hill for Fayetteville at 10 a. m. on Tuesday, Nov. 6th.

There will be a special train for Fayetteville, leaving Sanford on Wednesday night, 7th November, after arrival of train from Raleigh, and a special train for Sanford, leaving Fayetteville at 3 a. m., Saturday, the 10th of November, connecting with Raleigh & Augusta Air Line R. R. to Raleigh.

FINE STOCK.—We are glad to learn that Mr. Jno. M. Hodges, while visiting the State Fair, purchased a very fine Jersey Bull, and intends improving the breed of his cattle. This is the right way to do it; buy a blooded animal and bring your common stock up to a higher standard. Mr. Hodges is an enterprising and successful farmer, and believes in fine stock. We wish more of our country friends would follow his example; it pays handsomely. Mr. Geo. W. Lawrence has some fine Jersey cattle, and speaks words of high praise for their milk-giving qualities. Capt. Jas. S. Evans has been raising the Devon breed for several years. He says they are the finest beef cattle that can be raised in this country, and are not far behind the Jerseys in giving milk. Capt. Evans is fond of fine stock, and says his Devons pay him handsomely. We hope these gentlemen will exhibit their cattle at the Fair.

LIST OF LETTERS.—The following is a list of the letters remaining uncalled-for in the Fayetteville post-office for the past week. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say, Advertised.

B—R L Bryan; Mrs W B Baker; Mrs Alice Brown.

E—Miss Annie Evans; Jno W Elkin.

G—James Godwin.

H—William Harris; E W Hawley.

J—Henry Jessup, 3.

K—Miss Mary O King; Henry E King.

M—William Mayo; W C Melvin; A Montgomy.

P—Julea Parker; R Price; Mary F Powel.

R—R J Ruce.

S—H G Stegal.

W—S B West, 2; Gabrial Williams; Martha Williams.

Mc—Mrs M V McNeill. 3; Alex McDougald; Miss McBrode.

MARRIED.

TOMLINSON—MACON—In Raleigh, on the 24th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Wheeler, Mr. JAMES W. TOMLINSON, of Fayetteville, to Miss EVA MACON, of Raleigh.

DIED.

COHEN—In this town, on the 26th ult., JULIA, daughter of Rosetta and N. H. Cohen, aged two years and six months.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Rabid Reformers Refused Rectification.

The rabid reformers of morals are constantly urging the authorities to attempt to invade the well secured privileges enjoyed by The Louisiana State Lottery under special agreements by direct legislation; but they might as well attempt to swim against the current of Niagara Falls. The public know that all its distributions are fair and its promises fulfilled. M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La., will give all information relative to the matter on application before the 162d Grand Monthly Drawing, which takes place November 13, 1883.

AN ARMY OF WORMS. GNAWING, GNAWING, night and day, eating the vitals away, is frequently the cause of convulsions and fits. Shriner's Indian Vermifuge is the remedy.

Success.

Some one said nothing succeeds like success. The best preacher saves the most souls; the best farmer makes the most bread; the best lawyer protects his client; the best medicine is that which will do successfully and with the greatest certainty just what it is recommended for. "Dr. Boykin's Worm Killer" will destroy and remove worms if there be any in the body. "Everybody's Cathartic Pill" acts gently, mildly and with certainty on the liver and bowels. They are each 25 cents a bottle and are kept both in country stores and by druggists. Doctors prescribe them.

MRS. JOE PERSON'S REMEDY
WILL CURE YOU
AND
FAYETTEVILLE DRUGGISTS KEEP IT.

Fayetteville Market.

CORRECTED BY
CHARLES HAIGH,
DEALER IN
HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

N. C. BACON—		North Carolina	75@80
Hog Round,	11@11½	Northern,	1.00@1.25
Sides,	10@00	HIDES—	
Hams,	15@16	Flint—good	10@11
WEST. BULK MEATS—		" damaged,	9@10
Sides,	8½@9½	Dry Salt,	9@00
Shoulders,	8@9	Green,	4@5
WESTERN BACON—		IRON—	
Sides,	10@11	American,	3½@4
Hams,	17@00	Swedes,	6@7
Shoulders,	9@10	LARD—	
BAGGING—	10@11	North Carolina,	11½a13
BEEF—		Western,	11@12
On foot,	2½@3½	LEATHER—	
Dressed,	6@7	Upper,	33@35
BEESWAX—	20@22	Sole,	00@00
BUTTER—		Harness,	28@32
North Carolina,	25@35	MOLASSES—	35@45
Northern,	35@40	NAILS—	
COFFEE—		10 penny—basis	$3.51
Java,	20@30	PORK—	
Rio,	12@13	POTATOES—	
COTTON YARN—	1.00	Sweet,	@50
COTTONTIES	1.65a2.00	Irish, bush	$1.25@0.00
CHICKENS—	15@30	SALT—	1.10@0.00
EGGS—	20@00	SUGARS—	
FLOUR—		Coffee,	8½@9
N. C. Fam.	$5.00@0.00	Granulated,	11@12½
Wes. Fam.	5.50@6.00	SHEETINGS—	7½@00
FODDER—	1.00@1.10	SHUCKS—	50@65
GRAIN—		TALLOW—	6@7
Corn,	75@80	WOOL—	17@20
Oats,	50@00	SPIRITS—	
Rye,	80@90	Corn Whiskey,	2.00
Pease,	75@80	Rye Whiskey,	4.00
HAY—		Apple Brandy,	3.00

COTTON MARKET.

CORRECTED BY
A. E. RANKIN & CO.,
DEALERS IN
COTTON, NAVAL STORES, &c

Middling	9¼@00
Low Middling	00@00
Ordinary	00@00
Stained	00@00

Fayetteville Naval Stores Market.

Crude Turpentine—	
Hard	$1 00@0 00
Yellow Dip	$2.00
Virgin Dip	$2.00
Spirits	30@00 cents.
Rosin, Strained to Pale	90@2 75.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

WILMINGTON, Oct. 30—4 P. M.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market opened quiet at 33½ cents per gallon, with sales reported later of 300 casks at that price.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1.10 for Strained and $1.15 for Good Strained, with small sales as offered.

TAR—The market was firm at $1.60 per bbl. of 280 lbs. with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was steady, with sales reported at $1.00 for Hard and $2.00 for Yellow Dip and Virgin.

TIMBER—M feet—Extra Heart (first class yellow pine), $13.00, 13.50@14.00; Prime Shipping (first class heart), 12.00@13.00; Extra Mill (good heart) $8.50, $9.00@$10.00; Mill Prime, $7.50@8.00; Common Mill $.400@$4.50; Inferior to Ordinary, $3.50@$4.00—*Wil. Star.*

BARGAINS
—IN—
CROCKERY
AND
GROCERIES,
AT
Pemberton's New Store.
☞ GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF COST.
Nov. 1- 39-tf

THE OYSTER.

PERHAPS no single article of food has had the good time of the oyster. It has played a most important part at church fairs, school festivals, exhibitions, college alumni dinners, commencement suppers, for the past two hundred years. It supports thousands of families; it controls some of the largest manufacturing firms in the country; it owns and directs a fleet of thousands of vessels; it is the only fish that has arrived at the dignity of a war, as witness the oyster battles in the Chesapeake; cities are built upon its shells, like Crisfield, Md.; and, finally, it is the greatest conservator of domestic peace and happiness known; for a "half dozen fried in a box," is the magic "open sesame," with which millions of belated husbands have opened the cave of their justly indignant wives' good nature. The smell of the fried oyster is warranted to arrest the terrible question: "My dear, where have you been."

(To be continued.)

FRESH SELECT NORFOLK OYSTERS constantly on hand, price 40 cents per quart, at
R. T. SCANLIN'S,
No. 47 Person St., Fayetteville, N. C.
Oct 25, 1883 38tf

MORE NEW GOODS
AT
TILLINGHAST'S.

KITCHEN-JEWELRY or Agate Iron-ware, a complete assortment. This is the *nicest* ware ever made for cooking utensils of all kinds. We have tried it ourselves and so have numbers of of our friends, who say it is "*excelsior*".

Brass Head Shovels and Tongs.

"Number *one*" Tubular Lanterns at 85 cts.

Fifty Fast Red or "Cardinal" Scotch Holland Window Shades, 36 and 40 inches wide, *any length*.

10 dozen Gold Decorated and Fringed Window Shades—Brown, Grey and Green at 65 cts each. Also, Plain, Gold-band and other Window Shades.
Oct 25, 1883. 38-3t

False Report.

THE RUMOR that I am not ginning cotton is false. Will now take all I can get at ONE DOLLAR PER BALE. Will promptly Card Wool, Saw and Dress Lumber; Laths on hand and making daily.
CLARENDON MILLS.
Oct 25, 1883 38-2t

PAINTS AND OILS.

A FULL STOCK. BEST QUALITY.
AT LOW PRICES.
HINSDALE & BROADFOOT.
Oct 25, 1883 38tf

THE MERCHANTS

OF Fayetteville, who wish to extend their trade into Chatham, are invited to advertise in the *Record*, the only paper published in that great county. The completion of the railroad to Ore Hill makes Fayetteville the most accessible market to all that part of Chatham, and its trade is worth advertising for.
Address THE CHATHAM RECORD.
Pittsboro, N. C.
Oct 25, 1883 38-3t

FAIR BALL!

Specially ordered for this occasion, and now in stock, an elegant assortment of

Ladies' White Kid Gloves,

newest makes and styles, in

6, 8, 10 and 14 Buttons.

The latest shades and colors in profuse variety of HARRIS' KID GLOVES, different styles.

MOSQUETARIE,
JERSEY,

IN HOOK AND LACED CORD FASTENING AND 6, 8, 10 AND 14 BUTTONS.

A very full line of

White Kid Slippers,
Colored Kid Slippers,
Opera Slippers.
FRANK W. THORNTON,
5, 7 and 9 North Hay St.
Nov 1, 1883 1t

No Guess Work—No Gas Work
--But Facts.

THIRD INSTALMENT
OF
Dress Goods,
Just Arrived.

OWING to the unprecedented large sales of our Dress Goods we have now a new importation of 600 PIECES OF HANDSOMELY ASSORTED WOOLEN DRESS COODS IN STORE,

from 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 cents per yard.

CASHMERES from 12½ to 75 cts. per yard.

NEW STYLE SURRAH TRIMMING SILKS in all shades.

250 DOLMANS, SACKS and JACKETS, in Black and Drab, for Ladies, Misses and Children.

Waterproofs, Salem N. C., Charlottsville, Va., Cassimeres and Jeans.

Imported Beavers and Fancy Cassimeres.

ZIEGLER BROTHERS, BAY STATE and G. B. SHOES for Ladies, Misses and Children, Gents, Boys and Youth.

Holt's Knitting Cotton in all colors, etc.

Please call at Grand Central Dry Goods Bazaar, Nos. 24 and 26, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.
GEO. BRANDT.
Oct. 18, 1883. 37tf

LUNCH.

THE LADIES OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CONGREGATION will furnish Lunch at reasonable charges at the Fair Ground on Thursday and Friday of Fair week, 8th and 9th of November. Proceeds to be applied for the relief of their poor the coming winter.
Fayetteville, Oct. 18, 1883. 37tF

NEW GOODS.

200 DOZEN BEST GRANITE PLATES.
100 " " C. C. "
500 Sets best and common Granite Cups and Saucers.
Color Band and Decorated Chamber-sets.
Decorated and White China Tea-Sets.
Large line of Fancy and Plain Lamps.
Best Lamp-Chimneys in market.
Ninety different patterns of Pocket Knives—make of Rodgers, Wostenholms, Fisher, Walden and others. A full invoice of Silver-plated Casters, Pickle stands, Butter-dishes, Spoons and Forks.

—ALSO—

Knives and Forks, Razors, Coffee-mills, Sad-Irons, Seives, full line of Stamped and piece Tinware, Brooms, Baskets, Bird-cages, Foot-mats; &c.; with my usual full line of general Crockery and Glassware.
Wholesale and Retail.
TILLINGHAST'S CROCKERY STORE.
Oct 18, 1883. 37-4t

Sheriff's Sale.

ON Monday, the 26th day of November, A. D. 1883, I will sell at the Court House door in the town of Fayetteville, to the highest bidder, for cash, a tract of Land in Cumberland County, containing about 416 acres, and bounded as follows: On Little River, in Carver's Creek Township, and known as the W. B. Surles residence, to satisfy executions in my hands for collection against W. B. Surles and others, and which has been levied on said land as the property of said W. B. Surles.
R. W. HARDIE, Sheriff
Oct 17, 1883. 37ts

FOR SALE BY
PEMBERTON & NEWBEURY.
AT COOL SPRING MILL,
1,000 Common Bedsteads.

WOULD invite the attention of builders to our stock of Columns, Brackets, Scroll Sawing and House-furnishing Goods in general. Turning and Carving a specialty. We also keep the Mill well stocked with corn, and orders for Meal or Feed left at the office of E. L. Pemberton or at the Mill will receive prompt attention.
Fayetteville, Oct 11, 1883 36tf

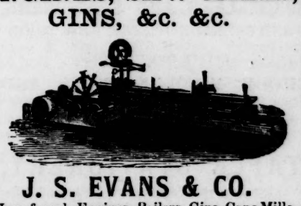
2,000 ACRES OF LAND
FOR SALE,

SITUATED in Cumberland County, N. C., directly on the road from Fayetteville to Raleigh, also on the line of survey of the Wilson & Florence Railroad, 10 miles from Fayetteville, on the east side of Cape Fear River. There is an excellent dwelling house, large apple and peach orchards of choice frut; has a number of tenant houses and a good mill site. Some 300 acres are cleared and a portion of it is in a high state of cultivation.

This is one of the most desirable places in the county, noted for its pure water and good health. About three-fourths of the land has excellent clay subsoil and produces finely.

It will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers. Payments made easy.
THOS. W. DEVANE,
Savannah, Cumberland County, N. C.
Oct 18, 1883 37-4t

ENGINES, SAW MILLS,
GINS, &c. &c.



J. S. EVANS & CO.

Have for sale Engines, Boilers, Gins, Cane Mills, Evaporators, Cotton Presses, Belting. Machinery of all kinds ordered at short notice.

A BARGAIN.

A second-hand Brown Cotton Gin, in good order.
JAMES S. EVANS & CO.,
Haigh's old stand, opposite A. B. Williams & Co's, Fayetteville, N. C.
Oct. 4. 1883 35tf

A Good Farm for Sale.

FOR further particulars, apply to
J. T. TOWNSEND,
Hope Mills, Cumberland Co., N. C.
Oct 11, 1883 36 4t

Millinery and Fancy Goods.

The Latest Styles out for the Cumberland County Fair.

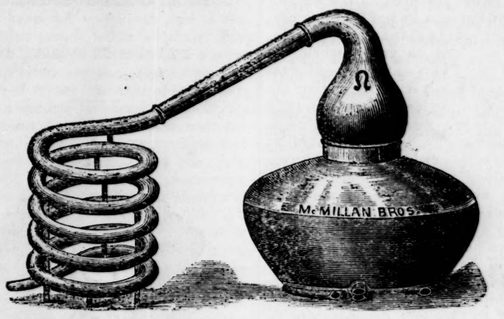
The fairest goods in the market for the fair wearers—those fine Hats and Bonnets at No. 17, are absolutely indispensable to a fair young lady's happiness at the approaching Fair. A fair day, a fair crowd, a fair young lady, a fair young man, a fair buggy, a fair, fast horse and a fair opportunity to see the Fair, you ought to be able to make a fair impression at the Fair, or stand a fair chance to *catch a fair* beau at the Fair.

Fair Hats for fair children to wear to the Fair. Be sure and call when you come to the Fair to see the *Fair Goods* sold at *Fair* prices, for a fair amount of *cash*,

At No. 17 Hay Street.

Fayetteville, Nov 1, 1883. 39tf

STILLS AND STOVES.



WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE LOT OF BOTH

New and Second-hand Stills,

Caps, Arms and Worms, from 10 to 25 bbls. capacity.

A Large Lot of Still Bottoms of many sizes.

As this is about the closing of the season now is the time to prepare for repairing your Stills. Repairing through the country a specialty.

GLUE KETTLES, SKIMMERS & DIPPERS.

Our PRICES THE LOWEST; OUR WORK THE BEST; OUR TERMS THE MOST LIBERAL.

IN COOKING AND HEATING STOVES,

we cordially invite you to an inspection of our stock not merely because we desire you to purchase, but that you may see for yourself the result of years' experience devoted to the pleasing of our patrons. We have a large assortment of

TIN TOILET SETS, latest out;

Tin-ware, stamped and pieced; Tin Valleys; Sheet Zinc; Galvanized, Russia and Common Sheet Iron; Stove Pipes of all sizes; Stove Repairs for a large variety of different makes and patterns.

Wise men will do well to have their heating stoves cleaned up and ready for the cold weather.

McMILLAN BROS.

Fayetteville, N. C., Oct. 25, 1883. 38tf

SOMETHING TO EAT
AND
Something to Eat Out Of.

YOU WILL FIND AT PEMBERTON'S NEW STORE,

Fine Gilt Edge Butter,

Sugar,	Coffee and Tea Pots,
Coffee,	China Tea Sets,
Lard,	Ewers and Basins,
Hams,	Plates,
Flour,	Cups and Saucers,
Canned Goods,	Tumblers,
Deviled Crabs,	Goblets and Wine Glasses
Salmon,	Lamps,
Preserved Ginger,	Pitchers,
Pickles,	Glass Sets,
Desiccated Cocoanut,	Chamber Sets,
Oatmeal and Hominy,	Glass Stands,
Gelatine,	Pickle Dishes,
Flavoring Extracts,	Tin Pie Plates,
Cream Tartar,	Wash Pans and Basins,
Spices, &c., &c.,	Baskets, &c.

NUTS, RAISINS, TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Smoke the Square Cigar.

ALL WE ASK IS A TRIAL ORDER.

Goods Delivered Day or Night.

J. A PEMBERTON, JR.
Sep 13, 1883. 32tf

Additional Supplies
AT THE NEW WHOLESALE HOUSE.

5 CASES KENTUCKY JEANS; 2 cases Cassimeres; 3 cases 4-4 Bleaching; 50 doz. Corsets; 25 bales Aiamance Plaids and Yarns; 75 cases of Boots and Shoes.

Wholesale customers will please call, examine the stock and get posted.

Boston and New York Prices and Terms guaranteed.

GEO. BRANDT,
28 and 30 Hay Sreet, adjoining the Grand Central Dry Goods Bazaar.
Oct 18, 1883. 37tf

CUMBERLAND COUNTY,
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Henderson Stevens, *against* Bella Stevens. } Summons for Relief.—In Action for Divorce.

THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

To the Sheriff of Cumberland County—Greeting:

YOU are hereby commanded to summon Bella Stevens, the Defendant above, to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court, for the County of Cumberland, on the 14th Monday after the 3d Monday of August, 1883, and answer or demur to the complaint, which has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said County; and let her take notice that if she fails to answer the said complaint within that time, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony.

Hereof fail not, and of this summons make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, this 15th day of October, 1883.

(Signed) T. S LUTTERLOH.
Clerk Superior Court Cumberland County.
D. ROSE, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Oct. 18, 1883. 37-6t

THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.
☞ Office North-east corner Market Square.
April 29, 1880. 2-tf

J. E. GARRETT,
Book and Job Printer,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

SOLICITS orders for Pamphlet Work, General Letter-Press Printing, Blanks of all kinds, and every description of printing.
Aug. 30, 1883. 9-6m

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,

Keep everything usually found in a
First-Class Grocery.
ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.
April 26, 1883. 12tf

R. H. TOMLINSON & CO.,

NOS. 41 AND 43 NORTH SIDE PERSON ST.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS,

SHOES, &c., &c.,

GROCERIES—Heavy and Light,

HARDWARE,

PLOWS, CASTINGS, HAMES, COLLARS,

TRACE CHAINS, &c.

Confectioneries,

Tobacco, Cigars and Notions,

They offer a large stock and good selection of everything that one could wish, and the public will always find them prepared to supply their wants.

The removal to our new stand has given us ample room for the exhibit of our goods and the accommodation of our customers.

R. H. TOMLINSON & CO.
Sep 13, 1883 32-3m

IT IS EASILY UNDERSTOOD WHY I RECEIVE THE LARGEST SHARE OF PATRONAGE ON

GENTLEMEN'S
Fine Clothing

OF ANY HOUSE IN FAYETTEVILLE.

IT IS SIMPLY BECAUSE I TAKE PARTICULAR PRIDE IN OFFERING TO MY MANY PATRONS SUCH

Styles & Prices

AS WILL SAVE THEM THE TROUBLE OF LOOKING ELSEWHERE.

☞ EVERY GARMENT SOLD IS GUARANTEED IN FIT AND QUALITY.

MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED IF NOT EXACTLY AS REPRESENTED BY

HENRY R. NOVITZKY,
SUCCESSOR TO HENRY ELSON,
Hay St., Fayetteville, N. C.
Sept 20, 1883 33tf

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having this day qualified as Executrix of the estate of Edmund L. Pemberton, deceased, hereby gives notice that all persons indebted to the estate are hereby required to make immediate payment of their indebtedness. All persons holding claims against said estate must present the same duly authenticated to me or E. L. Pemberton, Jr., my agent, on or before the 24th day of August, 1884, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.
MARY J. PEMBERTON, Executrix.
Aug 18, 1883 36tf

Sorghum Molasses.

The United States Agricultural Department reports that experiments in Sorghum culture has been carried on to such an extent as to establish the probability that from this source alone all the sugar needed for home consumption will be furnished. The difficulty of crystalizing the syrup of the cane has been overcome and before the lapse of another decade, it is announced, the United States will be saved one hundred million dollars annually by the removal of the necessity for the importation of sugar. The seed of the sorghum is said to be one of the best kinds of food for fattening hogs. Indeed the plant, in the opinion of Prof. Dodge, may be made as useful to Americans as the bamboo is to the Chinese. The following condensation of the report of the Department is made by the Boston *Globe:*

"There is no part of the plant and no part of the refuse produced in the making of the sugar but can be put to some use. The seed is equal to oats and other grain, as stock food, and its value, when the sorghum is raised in quantity, goes far toward defraying the cost of cultivating the crop. The seed product is from twenty to thirty bushels per acre, and its value in some localities has been estimated at seventy-five cents per bushel. The leaves and the crushed refuse of the cane stalks, technically known as begasse, are found to make excellent fodder, having a feeding value twice as great as ensilage. Or the begasse can be leached, and so entirely exhausted of its sugar, and the remaining refuse used for fuel or for the manufacture of paper pulp. Pulp thus made was pronounced by an excellent paper-man to be worth four and a half cents per pound. Or, with the addition of quickline, the begasse is found to make an excellent compost. The refuse in the boiling of the juice has its uses also. The first skimmings make a good fertilizer, and the second have an important use in the making of vinegar. All this leaves only the leaves of the plant unaccounted for. If some experimenting genius could find a use for them, sorghum cane would deserve to be known pre-eminently as the "useful plant." The yield of cane per acre varies from eight to twenty tons, with a value of from $2 50 to $4 per ton. The average yield of sugar per acre is about 600 pounds. So that the financial value of the crop itself, without taking the by-products into consideration, compares favorably with that of any of the standard crops. The industry has been successfully carried on all through the South and in most of the Western States, even as far north as Wisconsin. Although it has not yet been developed to any considerable extent, these experiments by the Agricultural departments, and its reports of others that have gone beyond the stage of experiment indicate that there is a great future in the United States for the sorghum industry.

In this connection we would refer to the discovery in Louisiana of a process called the "Strontium" whereby every particle of juice can be extracted from cane and every drop of molasses converted into sugar. The process is thus explained: "Strontium has the strongest affinity for sugar. Mixed with molasses it causes the immediate deposit of the saccharine matter. From this the strontium can then be separated by the use of carbonic acid gas, and utilized again without loss."

Thus, it will be seen, the process is a simple and inexpensive one, as the same strontium can be used from week to week; and as it is so cheap and can be procured in large quantities, there ought to be no difficulty in the use of this chemical."

If this be reliable, and the New Orleans papers express little doubt in speaking of it, the value of the Louisiana sugar crop is doubled by the discovery.

THE TARIFF ISSUE.—How can any thoughtful Democrat imagine that the Democratic party can dodge, and still less hedge, the tariff issue in the next Presidential campaign? During forty years the Democratic party has committed itself to a revenue tariff. In 1856 it was for "progressive free trade." In 1876 it demanded that "all custom house taxation shall be only for revenue." In 1880 it declared in favor of "a tariff for revenue only."

In 1856 and in 1876 it elected its Presidential tickets. In 1880 its nominees were defeated. There are those who think the tariff clause did it. Yet in the preceding canvass the same tariff clause was in the platform. That which defeated Hancock was the mismanagement of the campaign, notably Hancock's foolish telegram to Plaisted, and his equally foolish gabble about the tariff. The Republicans were of course quick to take the customary advantage afforded them by Democratic folly.

Shall the errors of the past be repeated in the future, or shall we in 1884 take the field, having an affirmative policy, believing in that and prepared to defend it?

No matter what we do, or what we say, or whether we do nothing or say nothing, we shall be described and denounced by the Republicans as free-traders.

There is no way to escape this. It is a charge which springs from the Democratic record and addresses itself in the absence of a definite Democratic policy to the ignorance and credulity of the floating vote.—*Louisville Courier Journal.*

FAST TIME.—The best time on the rail on record in Virginia was made on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad one day last week between Louisa Court House and Richmond. The express, behind time, with a cleark track, was ordered to make all time possible to Richmond, when the distance, 62 miles, was run in exactly 60 minutes without any accident.

The first installment of freight brought in by the Inland Coasting Company, says the New Berne *Journal* of October 23d, arrived on Saturday night via the A. & N. C. Railroad. The boats connect with the road at present at Morehead City. When the Beaufort Canal is opened the Company's boats will come direct to New Berne.

A DISCOURTEOUS DELAY.—The Prince of Bulgaria never commanded a regiment in a field, yet possesses thirty-seven decorations. He is still unhappy, however. His commission as a Kentucky Colonel has been delayed somewhere in the mails. —*Louisville Courier Journal.*

The McAdoo House at Greensboro has employed a French meat and pastry cook in New York at $60 per month.

ENGAGEMENT & WEDDING RINGS
BRIDAL PRESENTS
W. JEFFRIES, PRIOR & SON.
JEWELERS.
FAYETTEVILLE, N.C.
OF THE BEST QUALITY.

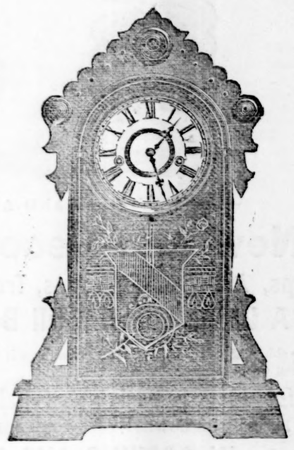
We have completed the improvements upon our building and are again open for business.

Call and see the beautiful line of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and SILVER WARE

At

PRIOR'S JEWELRY STORE.

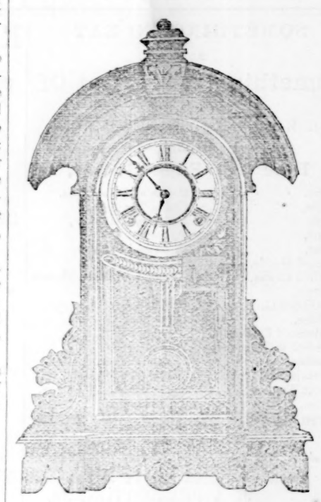


Prior's Jewelry Store

carries the largest STOCK and the largest VARIETY of

CLOCKS

in Fayetteville.



THE STOCK OF

Silver Ware

AT

PRIOR'S

is the largest—exceeding the stocks carried during our palmiest days before the war.

We carry a large line of Joseph Rodgers & Sons' and Geo. Wostenholm & Sons' I. X. L.

Pocket Knives,

RAZORS AND SCISSORS.

RECOLLECT,

WATCHES AND CLOCKS BOUGHT OF US ARE WARRENTED FOR ONE YEAR.

Old Gold and Old Silver

taken in exchange for new goods.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY

CLEANED AND REPAIRED.

WARREN PRIOR & SON,

Watchmakers and Jewelers,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

July 19, 1883. 24tf

S. SHEETZ & SON,

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers,

KEEP always on hand all sizes and styles of Coffins and Caskets, from the common pine coffin to the finest velvet covered casket. We are also prepared, when wanted, to take charge of bodies as soon as dead, and all necessary arrangements made for the funeral. If necessary we can keep bodies for a whole week without any discoloration of the face or any offensive odor. The junior partner of the firm will give his personal attention in all cases entrusted to our charge. We also have the finest two horse hearse in the city, which will be furnished, when wanted, either in town or in the country. We have just finished our new and handsome store on Green street, next door to Mrs. Banks's Confectionery. We have the handsomest Furniture Store that has ever been in Fayetteville. We have on hand and are receiving daily from the northern markets the largest stock with the greatest variety that has ever been in the city. Bedsteads, Mattresses, Chairs, Sofas, Bureaux, Sideboards and Wardrobes, of all styles and prices; Bedroom suites, Walnut and Poplar parlor suites; What-Nots, Hat Racks, Towel Racks, Tables, a nice lot of Baby Carriages, and in fact anything that is wanted in our line, we have it. Come one, come all. We will take great pleasure in showing you around, whether you want to buy or not. Old Furniture repaired and made to look as good as new, at a very small cost. We are also prepared to put down carpets, hang window curtains or any thing that is needed around a house in our line. We have some very fine Extension Window Cornices which we will sell cheap.

We thank the public for their past favors, and by strict attention to business and very low prices, we hope to merit a continuance of the same.

Respectfully,
S. SHEETZ & SON.

Fayetteville, Sep. 13, 1883 32-2m

Fayetteville Hardware and Supply House.

WALTER WATSON.

BOILER IRON cut any size and holes drilled for patching; Patch and Stay Bolts any size; Tools for patching boilers, &c.

Steam Guages and Valves all sizes.

Guage Glasses any length.

Steel all kinds and sizes; American and Swedes Iron any size.

Ropes and Twine; Grindstones and fixtures.

Builders' Hardware—such as Locks, Hinges, &c., &c.

Powder, Shot and Caps.

Gun and Pistol Cartridges.

Guns, Rifles and Pistols from $1 to $100. In fact everything kept in stock that constitutes a first-class Hardware Store.

Breech Loading Gun Cartridges loaded—any size.

☞ Repairing done in all its branches by first-class workmen under the personal superintendence of myself.

WALTER WATSON,

Two doors from the Fayetteville Observer Office.
Aug 30, 1883 30tf

NEW AND REVISED EDITION
OF
Stephens' United States.

E. J. HALE & SON have just issued a new edition of STEPHENS' UNITED STATES, Revised and Enlarged by Mr. Stephens, whose last days were occupied in adding to the volume, first issued in 1872, the history of the country from 1872 to 1883.

The book is too well known to need reproduction of tributes to its excellence. Mr. Stephens had peculiar qualifications for his work. He was a statesman, identified with more than half a century of national growth and personally familiar with all of the men who have made their mark on the country's history during that period. His mind was eminently philosophical, and his writings are not mere dry details of events. He was a prominent actor in the most exciting and important scenes of our history, and wrote from personal observation and matured experience. He was a sincere and steadfast lover of truth.

These qualities enabled Mr. Stephens to make a book pronounced by the best teachers

THE MOST VALUABLE COMPENDIUM EVER MADE FOR THE SCHOOL ROOM,

the only school history really readable, and by the most eminent men, North and South, a work of highest excellence, vigorous, precise, perspicuous, truthful;

A PERFECT HAND BOOK

for the Statesman and for the Student of American History.

The new and complete edition—one volume 12mo, 526 pages—is well printed and strongly and tastefully bound. Price $1.50. Liberal rates made for introduction into schools and colleges, and a copy mailed to any teacher for examination on receipt of 75 cents.

Stephens' United States is for sale by all Booksellers, and by the Publishers,

E. J. HALE & SON,
Nos. 66 and 68 Reade Street, New York.
Aug 23, 1883 29tf

SMOKERS TAKE NOTICE.

I INVITE critical attention to the various brands of Cigars I am selling, as follows:
"Senator Ransom," "Pilot," "Our Guarantee," "Fortuna," "Trabuko," "Pony Ranger," "Cheek," "Solon Shingle," "Little Jewel," "Silver Ash," "Champion," "Escepcion."

These were bought from different manufacturers (whose cigars have given the best satisfaction here and elsewhere in North Carolina) at the very highest cost that would admit of their being retailed at the prices charged for them. I also keep the "Duke of Durham" Cigarette.

My endeavor is to please regular customers and secure trade. H. R. HORNE.
Aug 16, 1883. 28tf

E. J. HALE & SON.

PUBLISHERS,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

66 AND 68 READE STREET, NEW YORK.

INVITE ORDERS FOR

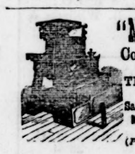
SCHOOL, MISCELLANEOUS AND STANDARD BOOKS,

and for all kinds of

STAPLE STATIONERY,

Writing Papers—Cap, Letter, Note and other sizes; Blank Books, of all grades; Envelopes of all sizes and colors and qualities; School Slates, best quality, all sizes; Slate and Lead Pencils; Pens, Inks, Mucilage, etc., etc.

E. J. HALE & SON.
March 29, 1883. 8tf



"MOORE COUNTY GRIT"
Corn-Mills and Millstones,
ALL SIZES.
THE BEST IN THE WORLD
FOR TABLE MEAL!
Samples of Meal Sent on Application.
NORTH CAROLINA MILLSTONE CO.
Charlotte, N. C.
(Please Mention this Paper.)

CALL AND SEE
The Good Things to Eat!

SPRINGFIELD HAMS and BACON of all kinds.
Superlative and all grades of Flour.
New Orleans and Porto Rico Molasses.
Cream Boneless Codfish.
Another fresh lot of that fine Kraut.
Royster's Fresh Candy received weekly, and many other things too numerous to mention.

Mr. W. W. COLE is now with me, where he will be pleased to see all his former customers and friends. Yours respectfully,
A GARRASON.

April 19, 1883 11tf

R. S. HUSKE,
Attorney at Law,
No. 2 OLD STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

June 14, 1883. 19-1y

Important Notice to Creditors of Fayetteville.

ALL creditors of the town of Fayetteville are hereby respectfully notified that according to the requirements of an Act of Assembly, ratified March 8th, 1883, entitled "An Act for the relief of the creditors of the former town of Fayetteville," &c. See Acts 1883, Chapter 112, Sec. 19, Private Laws. Any debt which is not on or before January 1st, 1884, brought within the terms of compromise provided by said Act, shall not be entitled to receive any benefit therefrom.

The holders of any debt or claim intended to be compromised must present the same either in person or by some duly authorized attorney on or before said January 1st, 1884, to the undersigned committee at the office of John D. Williams in Fayetteville.

The committee have heretofore sent copies of said Act to the several creditors so far as they were known, and if any creditor has failed to receive a copy one will be sent on application.

J. D. WILLIAMS, }
W. A. GUTHRIE, } Com.
N. W. RAY, }

Fayetteville, Oct. 8, 1883. 36tf

North Carolina Resources.

"One of the most useful series of descriptive books ever published about any State."
—BOSTON POST.

HALE'S INDUSTRIAL SERIES.
Two Volumes Now Ready.

I. THE WOODS AND TIMBERS OF NORTH CAROLINA.—Curtis's, Emmons', and Kerr's Botanical Reports; supplemented by accurate County Reports of Standing Forests, and illustrated by an excellent Map of the State.

1 *Volume* 12*mo. Cloth*, 273 *pp.*, $1 25.

II. IN THE COAL AND IRON COUNTIES OF NORTH CAROLINA.—Emmons', Kerr's, Laidley's, Wilkes', and the Census Reports; supplemented by full and accurate sketches of the Fixty-six Counties, and Map of the State.

1 *Volume* 12*mo. Cloth*, 425 *pp.*, $1.50.

Sold by all Booksellers, or mailed post-paid, on receipt of the price, by

E. J. HALE & SON,
Publishers, Booksellers and Stationers, New York;
or
P. M. HALE, Publisher, Raleigh, N. C.
Oct 4, 1883 35tf

A Proclamation by the Governor.

$200 Reward.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, official information has been received at this Department that Duncan McEachern, late of the County of Robeson, stands charged with the murder of Anderson Toy: And Whereas, it appears that the said Duncan McEachern has fled the State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him.

Now, therefore, I, THOMAS J. JARVIS, Governor of the State of North Carolina, by virtue of authority in me vested by law, do issue this my Proclamation, offering a reward of Two Hundred Dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said Duncan McEachern to the Sheriff of Robeson County, at the Court House in Lumberton, and I do enjoin all officers of the State and all good citizens to assist in bringing said criminal to justice.

Done at our City of Raleigh, the eighth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, and in the one hundred and seventh year of American Independence.

THOS. J. JARVIS.

By the Governor:
G. L. DUDLEY, Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.

Duncan McEachern is a negro, about 5½ feet high and about 22 years old. He has a small, black moustache, red eyes, a keen, sharp nose, short fingers and a blunt head, small and round. There is a slight impediment in his speech and he has a downcast look when spoken to.

As the murder was committed in Cumberland, the criminal if captured, may be delivered to me.

E. W. HARDIE,
Sheriff of Cumberland County.
Oct 4, 1883 35-6t

TO THE FARMERS!

Having built a new and convenient Gin House, and having a

First-Class Gin

with everything in good order; with good location, careful and attentive hands and MY PERSONAL ATTENTION, I feel confident of my ability to give satisfaction to all who will favor me with their ginning.

Charges One-Twentieth.

Highest Cash Price Paid for Seed Cotton.

☞ Cotton from east side of C. F. River toll free.

Come and see me at the Merchant Mills.

JAS D. McNEILL.

Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 13, 1883. 32-3m

Fayetteville Marble Yard.

Monuments, Tombstones, &c.

THE undersigned respectfully returns his thanks to his friends and patrons for the liberal patronage they have extended to him during the last 37 years, and informs them that he still continues the business at his old stand.

His workmanship and material will always be of the best quality and his prices as low as the lowest. GEO. LAUDER.

Fayetteville, N. C., March 29, 1883. 8-1y

CALL ON US

For Corn, Oats, Hay and Rice Straw—Bacon, Lard, and Flour, all grades, Cuba and Porto Rico Molasses. Sugar and Coffee, Marshall and Liverpool Salt, Tobacco, Snuff, Soap, Starch, Candy,

Crackers and Candles, Lime, Cement, Plaster Paris and Hair, Glue, Bungs, Spirit Barrels, Hoop Iron and Nails, Randolph 4-4 Sheetings, Rubber Belting, 2 to 10 inches and 3 and 4 ply.

Agents for the Brown Cotton Gin.

A. B. WILLIAMS & CO.
Fayetteville, May 17. 108-tf

J. W. JOHNSON. W. D. McNEILL.

J. W. JOHNSON & CO.,
MACHINISTS
AND
Blacksmiths.

IN connection with our Blacksmith Shops we are prepared to repair

Engines, Boilers, Cotton Gins,

and all kinds of Machinery.

All we ask is a trial. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

J. W. JOHNSON & CO.,
Machinists and Blacksmiths,
At McLauchlin's Old Stand,
Next to A. A. McKethan & Son's Carriage Factory.
Fayetteville, July 19, 1885. 24-6m

BUY THE CELEBRATED
Scotch Parlor Matches.
"POCKET,"
"CLYDESDALE,"
AND
"LOCH KATRINE" BRANDS,
Manufactured by Mitchell & Co., Glasgow, Scotland.

D. H. Wilson & Co.,
375 and 377 Washington St., New York, sole agents in the United States.

W. S. PRIOR, Salesman.
Sep 13, 1883 32-tf

LIVERY AND SALE.

GASTER & HARRINGTON keeps always on hand for public accommodation, at their

Headquarters for Stock

on Donaldson street, fine pleasure horses and vehicles and good roadsters and conveyances for long drives.

Farmers and Planters

in need of good horses and mules will secure unequalled bargains and favorable terms by giving them their patronage.

GASTER & HARRINGTON.
June 28, 1883. 21tf

J. H. FARRAR,
(Fayetteville Hotel Building,)
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
AGENT FOR

The Light Running "New Home," "New Howe," "Domestic," "Hartford" and "Davis" Sewing Machines.

Organs $40 to $150; Orguinettes $9 to $15; Orguinette Music 5c. to 6c. per foot; Pianos $200 to $350; Jewitt's Horse Detachers $4; "Farrar Turbine Water Wheel;" Oil, Needles and Attachments for all Machines. Repairing a specialty. Terms cash or monthly instalments.

AGENTS WANTED.
Feb y 22, 1883. 3-1y

BUGGIES! BUGGIES!!

WE HAVE JUST ADDED TO A LARGE and well assorted stock of our own make of

Buggies, Rockaways, &c.,

120 of "Cook's Standard Cincinnati" Jump Seats, Phaetons, Side Bars Top and No-Top Buggies,

This work we bought at a bargain and are offering lower than ever before sold in this market, and to dealers or clubs in lots we can offer some special inducements.

Call and examine quality and styles and get our prices whether you wish to buy or not.

HARNESS

at all kinds of prices to go with this work.

A. A. McKETHAN & SONS.
Fayetteville, June 15, 1882. 112tf

MERCHANT MILLS!

New Management.

HAVING purchased the above named property from Mr. W. C. Troy, and having assumed the personal management of the same, I would call the attention of all of the old patrons of the Mill and as many new ones as will favor me with their custom, to the fact that the Mill is now in first-class order and being run with an especial desire to give satisfaction.

FINE BREAD MEAL a specialty. Goods delivered to order.

Give me a trial as I am determined to please.

JAS. D. McNEILL.
Fayetteville, Oct 26, 1882. 131tf

TIN ROOFING!

I have returned to Fayetteville, and have all the

Latest Improved Roofing Machines.

I am now fully prepared to do

All Kinds of Roofing at Short Notice.

Single Locked Soldered $5 per square—Double Locked $5.50.

All contracts made in writing. All work warranted. I. B. DAVIS.
July 26, 1883. 25tf

Furniture! Furniture!

J. L. ALLEN & CO.

having dissolved copartnership, the undersigned will continue the

Furniture Business in all its Branches,

at his old stand, Nos. 14, 16, 18 and 20 Gillespie Street.

He will also continue the manufacture of

Sash, Blinds, Doors and Building Material of all kinds,

at his factory on Mumford Street. If any of his customers prefer white pine goods, he will order such for them at cost of laying them down at Fayetteville.

Thanking his friends and the public generally for their liberal patronage in the past, he respectfully begs a continuance of the same.

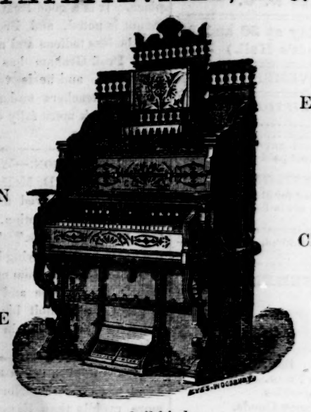
He will guarantee satisfaction in both goods and work, or the money will be refunded.

Respectfully, J. L. ALLEN.
Fayetteville, N. C., April 12, 1883. 10tf

McNEILL & CO.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

STIEFF, SCHOMACKER, HALLET & CUMSTON, UPRIGHT AND SQUARE PIANOS.



PALACE, ESTEY, BURDETT, CLOUGH & WARREN ORGANS.

The Best and Cheapest Small Instruments of all kinds.

Strings from 5 cents to 30 cents. Sheet Music and Music Books from 5 cents to $5.00. Music a specialty.

☞ Send for catalogue and prices.

Fayetteville, Aug. 9, 1883 27tf

E. T. McKETHAN,

—DEALER IN—

SEED OATS AND RYE

Corn, Hay, Flour, Hominy,

COFFEE, SUGAR, &c.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Feb'y 8, 1883. 1-1y

Express Steamboat Co.

STEAMER SCHEDULE.

ON and after April 1st and until further notice the Steamer D. Murchison, Capt. J. C. Smith, will leave Fayetteville every Tuesday and Friday at 7 o'clock A. M. and Wilmington every Wednesday and Saturday at 2 P. M.

Steamer Wave, Capt. W. A. Robeson, will leave Fayetteville every Wednesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock A. M. and Wilmington Monday and Thursday at 2 o'clock P. M.

A. B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Agents, Fayetteville, N. C.
April 12, 1883 10tf

H. McD. ROBINSON,
LAW OFFICE,
GREEN STREET
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
May 24, 1883 16-1y

NEW ORLEANS, August 1, 1883.

TO THE PUBLIC!

Investigate for Yourselves!

Postmaster-General Gresham having published a wilful and malicious falsehood in regard to the character of The Louisiana State Lottery Company the following facts are given to the public to prove his statement, that we are engaged in a fraudulent business, to be false and untrue:

Amount of prizes paid by The Louisiana State Lottery Company from January 1, 1879, to present date:

Paid to Southern Express Co., New Orleans	
T. M. Wescott, Manager	$1,366,300
Paid to Louisiana National Bank, Jos. H. Oglesby, President	463,000
Paid to State National Bank, S. H. Kennedy, President	127,100
Paid to New Orleans National Bank, A. Baldwin President	88,550
Paid to Union National Bank, S. Charlaron, Cashier	64,450
Paid to Citizens' Bank, E. L. Carriere, President	57,000
Paid to Germania National Bank Jules Cassard, President	30,000
Paid to Hibernia National Bank, Chas. Palfrey, Cashier	37,000
Paid to Canal Bank, Ed. Toby, Cashier	14 170
Paid to Mutual National Bank, Jos. Mitchel, Cashier	6,900
Total paid as above	$2,253,050
Paid in sums of under $1,000 at the various offices of the Company throughout the United States	2,627 410
Total paid by all	$4,881,060

For the truth of the above facts we refer the public to the officers of the above-named corporations, and for our legality and standing to the Mayor and Officers of the City of New Orleans, to the State authorities of Louisiana, and also to the U. S. Officials of Louisiana. We claim to be legal, honest and correct in all our transactions, as much so as any business in the country. Our standing is conceded by all who will investigate, and our stock has for years been sold at our Board of Brokers, and owned by many of our best known and respected citizens.

M. A. DAUPHIN, *President.*

☞ CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000. ☜
Tickets only $5. Shares in proportion.

L. S. L.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early
Commissioners.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of $1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. ELEVENTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS E, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, **November 13, 1883**—162d Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000.

100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each. Fractions, in Fifths, in proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1	CAPITAL PRIZE	$75,000	$75,000
1	do	do	25,000
1	do	do	10,000
2	PRIZES OF	$6000	12,000
5	do	2000	10,000
10	do	1000	10,000
20	do	500	10,000
100	do	200	20,000
300	do	100	30,000
500	do	50	25,000
1000	do	25	25,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9	Approximation Prizes of	$750	6,750
9	do	do 500	4,500
9	do	do 250	2,250
1967	Prizes, amounting to		$265,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered Letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

POSTAL NOTES and ordinary letters by Mail or Express (all sums of $5 and upwards by Express at our expense) to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans La.,
or **M. A. DAUPHIN,**
607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.
Oct. 11, 1883. 36-5t

WHEELER & WILSON

New No. 8.

BEST machine to buy, because it is easiest to learn; easiest to manage; most durable; does most perfect work; it has no noisy shuttle; runs the lightest, and will not endanger your health.

Wheeler & Wilson Mfg. Co.,
Wilmington, N. C.

☞ Office Market Square, next door to A. Moore's, Fayetteville, N. C.
July 26, 1883. 25-6m

HORNER SCHOOL,
OXFORD, NORTH CAROLINA.

The Fall Session of 1882 Begins the Fourth Monday in July.

INSTRUCTORS:
J. H. HORNER J. C. HORNER.
J. M. HORNER.

With such assistant instructors as the exigencies of the School may require.

The chief work of the School is done by the Senior Principal and his two sons. The less important work is given to assistant instructors, who are selected with especial reference to their peculiar fitness for the duties assigned them; and the number of students will not be increased beyond the capacity of the Principals to take personal charge of all the classes in the leading branches taught, and to supervise all the work of the School.

The School has been under its present management for more than THIRTY YEARS, and in this sense, it is, we believe, the oldest school in the South.

As several of the Cadets will leave for College, there will be room next Session for about twenty new students.

For Catalogue apply to the Principals.

J. H & J. C. HORNER.
June 15, 1882. 112tf

A. MOORE,

MARKET SQUARE AND GREEN STREET,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Tobacco and Cigar Store.
Liquors for Medicinal Purposes.

Feb'y 22, 1883 3tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.

FAYETTEVILLE, May 19, 1879.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 19, 1879 trains going up the road will leave—

Fayetteville at	4.00 p. m.
Little River at	4.45 "
Spout Spring at	5.15 "
Swann's Station at	6.05 "
Jonesboro at	6.40 "
Sanford at	7.10 "
Egypt at	7.40 "
Arrive at Gulf	7.55 "
Return trains will leave—	
Gulf at	6.00 a. m.
Egypt at	6.25 "
Sanford at	7.20 "
Jonesboro at	7.45 "
Swann's Station at	8.15 "
Spout Spring at	9.10 "
Little River at	9.40 "
Arrive at Fayetteville	10.20 "

L. C. JONES, Superintendent.
Feb'y 8, 1883. 3tf

PATENTS

Obtained, and all other business in the U. S. Patent Office attended to for *MODERATE FEES.*

Our office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain Patents in less time than those remote from *WASHINGTON.*

Send *MODEL OR DRAWING.* We advise as to patentability free of charge; and we make *NO CHARGE UNLESS WE OBTAIN PATENT.*

We refer here, to the Postmaster, the Supt. of Money Order Div. and to officials of the U. S. Patent Office. For circular, advice, terms, and references to actual clients in your own State or county, address C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.
Dec 7, 1882 137tf

FOUTZ'S
HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS

NO HORSE will die of COLIC, BOTS or LUNG FEVER, if Foutz's Powders are used in time.
Foutz's Powders will cure and prevent HOG CHOLERA.
Foutz's Powders will prevent GAPES IN FOWLS.
Foutz's Powders will increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent., and make the butter firm and sweet.
Foutz's Powders will cure or prevent almost EVERY DISEASE to which Horses and Cattle are subject.
FOUTZ'S POWDERS WILL GIVE SATISFACTION.
Sold everywhere.

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Nov 16, 1882. 134-1y